

The Bethel News.

VOLUME X.—NUMBER 10.

BETHEL, MAINE, WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1904.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

ALTERATION SALE!

We have leased the store formerly occupied by the Smiley Shoe Store, and are making extensive alterations. We will take out the partitions between the two stores, which will make our store about double the present size. In order to do this to the best advantage, and be ready for the fall opening and new goods, we must reduce our stock. This we shall try to do by greatly reducing prices on all lines of summer goods. Don't miss this sale, for you can save money.

ONE LOT Coats of black cheviot and covert cloth, neat coat style, were \$6.50, now \$3.98.

ONE LOT Coats of black cheviot and light covert cloth, good lining, neat style, were \$8.50, now \$4.98.

Several neat styles in suits at just one-half the regular price.

ONE LOT Walking Skirts of a light mixed material, regular price \$5.00, sale price \$2.98.

ONE LOT Misses' Skirts, dark, 32 to 38 inch length, regular price \$2.98, sale price \$1.49.

ONE LOT of fine percale, polka dotted, plaited bottom, regular price \$2.50, now \$1.75.

ONE LOT Rain Coats of good water-proofed material, brown and Oxford mixture, regular price \$12.50, now \$8.50.

Wash Goods.

In this department all goods are marked at a great discount.

ONE LOT Silk Muslin, fine heavy quality, dotted, all colors, regular price 50c, now 39c.

ONE LOT of the popular voile for shirt waist suits, good colors, plain and mixed, regular price 25c, now 17c.

ONE LOT mercerized lace, stripe muslin, good colors, 27 inches wide, regular price 25c, now 17c.

ONE LOT Muslins, lace stripe and dotted, many neat patterns, regular prices 15c and 19c, now 12 1-2c.

ONE LOT Muslins, light and dark, all colors, pretty patterns, regular price 12 1-2c, now 10c.

ONE LOT Scotch Oxford, stripe and plain, very pretty for waists, regular price 12 1-2c, now 8c.

ONE LOT Waists, good colors and patterns, mostly light, regular price 25c, now 15c.

Shirt Waist bargains, pretty styles, very cheap.

ONE LOT Waists of gingham, dark, good styles, tucks, regular price 98c, sale price 75c.

ONE LOT Gingham Waists, lace stripe, good colors, tucks, regular price \$1.49, now 98c.

ONE LOT Lawn Waists, good quality, tucks and lace insertion yoke, regular price \$1.98, sale price \$1.49.

ONE LOT fine Lawn Waists, pretty style, fine hampshire insertion in sleeve and front, very neat, regular price \$2.49, now \$1.98.

Wool Dress Goods

In our dress goods stock we find several pieces that are a little out of date, or the color a little off, for an up-to-date stock. The prices we have cut one-half, and some pieces more.

ONE LOT dress goods in black, blue, grays, brown and tan. Figured brilliantine, flannels, cashmere, canvas, 36 in. to 50 in. wide. Most of them all wool, regular prices 50c to 75c, now 25c.

TWO PIECES of brown all wool goods, poplin and armure weave, regular price \$1.00, now 50c.

TWO PIECES flannel waisting, 27 in. wide, one black with white spots, and one lavender with black and white silk stripe, regular price 75c, now 25c.

ONE LOT white lawn, fine quality, trimmed with lace insertion and ribbon; regular prices, were \$2.50 and \$2.98, now \$1.98.

ONE LOT of good lawn, prettily trimmed with lace and insertion, regular prices, \$1.98 and 2.19, now \$1.49.

Many other styles in white lawn and colored ones very cheap.

ONE LOT voile skirts in black and white, and blue and white, very full, good sizes, regular price, \$1.98, now \$1.49.

ONE LOT sateen petticoats in black and white stripe, spots and check, good sizes, well made, regular price, \$1.50, now 79c.

ONE LOT table covers of heavy chenille, good colors, large size, were \$2.37, sale price \$1.00.

Thomas Smiley

Telephone 112-2.

THE NEWS ABOUT TOWN

ITEMS OF INTEREST PICKED UP BY THE NEWS MAN.

Universalist Fair Aug. 4.

R. C. Bisbee has returned home. Mrs. Edmund Holt is away visiting relatives.

Mr. C. T. Poor of Andover, was in town Monday.

Mrs. Fannie Bisbee is visiting friends in Newry.

H. A. Edwards of Caribou, was in town last week.

Visit Pattee chapel Thursday afternoon and evening, Aug. 4.

Mr. Ellery Barriack of Portland, was the guest of C. L. Davis Sunday.

Mrs. Mary O. Foster of Newry, visited her son, C. O. Foster, last week.

The Ladies' Club will meet with Mrs. Purington Thursday afternoon.

Misses Julia and Agnes Heath are staying with their mother at Rumford Falls.

Mr. Arthur Watson of Randolph, N. H., was the guest of friends in town over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Garey entertained, for a few days, Mr. Garey's mother of Norway.

Mrs. Frank Needham of South Paris, has been a guest of her sister, Mrs. Ziba Durkee.

Don't forget the supper and sale given by the Methodist society on Mrs. Littlehale's lawn Thursday evening.

Miss Cornelia Dow, daughter of the late Gen. Neal Dow of Portland, is a guest of Miss Isabel Shirley.

Mrs. Grace Skillings and little daughter of Harvard, Mass., are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Grover.

The articles which the Universalist society are preparing for their annual sale are of unusual attraction and excellence.

Don't miss the Grand Matinee at Riverside Park, Aug. 4. Come and see lots of fast work. Everybody will drive to win.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Hastings spent a portion of last week with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Roberts of Hanover. They will return to their home in Dorchester, Mass., next Saturday.

Capt. E. O. Drew, wife and daughter Elizabeth of Middleboro, Mass., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Hastings and Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Bartlett. Mrs. Drew was at one time a pupil of the late Dr. True, and finds pleasure in meeting many of her former school-mates and friends.

The Shaw Business College, Portland, Bangor and Augusta, has an advertisement in another column of this issue, which will pay young people, who are striving to better their condition to read. The Institution is an old established one, and has an enviable reputation for thoroughness, which fact is proven by the success met with by its students. Its 1904 catalogue is ready and can be had for the asking.

The case of Plummer vs. Highy Tighty was tried in Odeon hall last Thursday evening before one of the largest audiences that has gathered in Odeon hall for many a day. Although but little time had been spent in preparation for this case, yet everything went very smoothly, and the entertainment was pronounced a marked success by all. Much of the material including the oaths to the jury and witnesses, the judge's charge and the lawyers' opening arguments and pleas were original, and the latter were as new to those taking part as to the audience, as they had never been given in any rehearsals. The claim was one of blighted affections, and the verdict gave the plaintiff four thousand five hundred fifty dollars and seven and one-half cents; the four thousand five hundred fifty dollars to raise a mortgage on the plaintiff's homestead, and the seven and one-half cents for the blighted affections. Ice cream was served at the close, and was in the usual demand.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Tyler were in Lewiston last Friday.

Miss Hester Kimball is in Portland receiving treatment for her eyes.

Mr. W. H. Young and family spent Saturday and Sunday in Norway.

Mr. W. B. Johnson and wife of Berkeley, Va., visited Dr. and Mrs. F. B. Tuell last Saturday.

Rev. C. N. Gleason is away this week, enjoying a little sea trip along the New England coast.

Mr. C. Pool and family have returned from Sherbrooke, P. Q., and will reside in Bethel again.

O. H. Sawtelle has returned to Bethel, and will live with his daughter, Mrs. J. F. Coolidge.

Mr. Warren Hastings of Lancaster, N. H., is spending a few days with his uncle, Mr. T. F. Hastings.

Mr. Chas. A. Lucas went to Lewiston Friday, spending the time until Sunday with friends in the city.

Mrs. Decoster and son of Buckfield, who have been visiting Mrs. Decoster's sister, Mrs. H. C. Andrews, returned home last week.

Mr. Bernie Barker who has the contract to paint the buildings of the Skillings plant at Redding, went there Thursday to begin work.

News has been received of the critical illness of Mrs. Lizzie Twitchell, widow of the late Wm. Chandler at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Emery.

Mrs. Vesta Burbank and granddaughter Miss Flossie of Lewiston, and Miss Edith Farwell of Gilead, were guests of Mrs. Alice Farwell last Thursday.

There will be a meeting of the trustees of the Bethel Library association at the library building this evening at the usual hour. A full attendance is desired.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Thurston and family went to Errol, N. H., yesterday, to cut the hay on the large farm that Mr. Thurston owns in that town. They will be absent about two weeks.

A purse containing a small sum of money was picked up in Odeon hall after the entertainment last Thursday evening. The owner may have the same by calling at the News office.

Following their annual custom, the old and reliable furniture, carpet and house-furnishing store, Bradford Conant & Co. of Lewiston, announce in this issue the beginning of their August Sale. In years past this event has meant much to many of our readers who have availed themselves of the inducements offered. Recently Messrs. Bradford, Conant & Co. have contracted for an exclusive agency for the celebrated Sterling Stoves and Ranges covering this territory. Any of our readers having in mind to select from a full line of the best should visit them.

Eastern Horse Breeders.

Premium lists for the meeting of the Eastern Horse Breeders' Association to be held at Waterville the second week in August, may be obtained by application at the office of E. P. Mayo, the treasurer, Waterville. Entries close for breeding classes, Aug. 1. It is the intention of the management to make a first-class, all-round horse fair for horses of all classes. Here is a most excellent chance for the small breeders of good colts to make an exhibition for liberal purses where his stock will be brought to the attention of possible buyers. This is the only association that offers premiums for farm horses, both Maine bred and Maine owned. No owner or breeder of a good horse or colt should miss this great meeting. The Maine Central and all connecting roads offer exhibitors at this meeting the same rates as are given to Maine State and Central Maine fairs.

DIED.

In Windsor, July 19, Mrs. Eunice Merrill, aged 84 years, formerly of Mason.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. Plummer*

Ladies' Club Benefit.

There will be an entertainment in behalf of the Ladies' Club connected with the Congregational church at Dr. Gehring's home on Friday evening, July 29, at 8 o'clock.

Dr. Dickinson S. Miller of Harvard University has generously consented to give the people of our village the pleasure of hearing his lecture upon "Emerson as an American."

Mr. George Brown, the principal of Brown and Nichols School in Cambridge, Mass., will read.

Miss Burton of New York will sing, accompanied by Mrs. Belknap of Louisville, Ky.

Dr. and Mrs. Gehring cordially invite any one in the community interested in such a program to be present without any admission fee, the contributions for the Club to be entirely voluntary.

Dr. and Mrs. Gehring would be glad to receive their guests from seven till eight, if a fine evening is granted, that the out of doors life may be informally enjoyed.

BRYANT POND.

Mrs. Annie Barker returned from Lewiston Monday.

Mrs. Edward Andrews and daughter went to Portland Sunday. Mrs. Andrews returned the same day, but Miss Allen is spending the week there.

Miss Mabel Brooks, assisted by her father and mother, entertained a large party of friends from Portland at Camp Christopher July 24.

Will Brooks, Harold Young, Edward Peverley and G. L. Stephens spent Saturday night at Camp Christopher.

Mr. Mrs. and Seymour Brooks went to South Paris Saturday.

Mary Stevens was in Norway last week.

Mrs. Will Morse was on the sick list last week.

John Hathaway is quite ill, threatened with typhoid fever. Herbert Bacon is attending to the mail duties during Mr. Hathaway's illness.

Grand Matinee at Riverside Park Thursday, Aug. 4, at 1.30 p.m.

There will be three races on the card, and sure to be some very fast racing. Take a half day and bring your whole family. If you haven't any family come any way. Admission 25 cents, children under twelve free, grand stand free, teams free.

Following is a list of entries:

CLASS A.
C. R. Cross, bl. g., Edcomb.
W. R. Chapman, b. g., Frank Gorman.
Dr. J. A. Twaddle, b. s. Bayard Wilkes.
W. R. Chapman, br. g., W. R. C.

CLASS B.
O. W. Hall, b. m. Hinette.
Fred Tapley, b. m., Clarilone.
Fred Tapley, b. g., Fred S.

CLASS C.
G. R. Wiley, br. g., Ike Wilkes, 2.12 1/4.
W. R. Chapman, b. g., Bonnie Nelson, 2.37 1/2.

H. S. Hastings, br. g., Orphan Wilkes, 2.24 1/4.
W. F. Kendall, ch. g., Promoter, 2.28 1/4.
Edgar L. Fisher, br. m., Miss Strike.

State Examination.

The regular annual examination of candidates for State Certificates will occur Friday, August 26, 1904. Persons desiring further information regarding this examination, should send for circulars to W. W. Stetson, Augusta, Me.

Small waists are no longer in style. It's the round plump waists that come by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea; that's all the go. 35 cents. Tea or tablet form.

G. R. Wiley.

Double Track Route to World's Fair. The Grand Trunk have inaugurated a double daily through car service, including sleeping cars and coaches, direct to the World's Fair City. Fast trains, most interesting route, stop-over allowed at Chicago, unexcelled road-bed—assured patrons of this line. Ask Grand Trunk Agents for full information.

Souvenir Goods.

Still another shipment of the latest Souvenirs received, making my stock one of the largest in this section.

SWEET GRASS BASKETS,
BURN'T LEATHER,
BIRCH BARK,
and FANCY WOOD GOODS.

The low prices will surprise you

EDWARD KING,

Jeweler and Optician,
BETHEL, MAINE.

E. C. Vandenkerckhoven,

ARTISTIC PHOTOGRAPHER,

29 MAIN ST.

BETHEL, MAINE.



BUSINESS EDUCATION

has made thousands of young people

SUCCESSFUL;

the lack of it has made many more

FAILURES.

Why belong to the latter class when a few months' study will place you in the former? Our catalogue may aid you in deciding. Write for it.

F. L. SHAW, President.

ARE YOU GOING TO BUY
A NEW

BICYCLE

this season? If so buy the

Waldo

None better and few as good.

If you cannot afford a new one bring in the old one and have it fixed up. All kinds of repairing promptly done. Nice line of sundries. Give me a call.

A. F. STOWELL,

Near Station, Bethel, Maine.

PROBATE NOTICES.

To all persons interested in either of the Estates hereinafter named:

At a Probate Court, held at Paris, in and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and four. The following matter having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby ordered:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in this Bethel News, a newspaper published at Bethel, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Rumford Falls on the third Tuesday of August, A. D. 1904, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

SOPHRONIA W. GROVER, late of Bethel, deceased; petition for order to distribute balance remaining in her hands presented by Darius H. Grover, administrator.

LYMAN W. RUSSELL, late of Danvers, County of Arapahoe, State of Colorado, deceased; copy of will and petition for allowance of the same presented by Kate L. Abbott, executrix.

NOTICE.
The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of ARIEL F. CARVER, late of Bethel, in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

July 19, 1904.
Albert W. Grover.

NOTICE.
The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of WALTER M. BROWN, late of Bethel, in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

July 19, 1904.
Allison Browne.

Making Friends Every Day.

This can truthfully be said of JELL-O ICE CREAM POWDER, the new product for making the most delicious ice cream you ever ate; everything in the package. Nothing tastes so good in hot weather. All grocers are placing it in stock. If your grocer can't supply you send 25c. for a package by mail. Four kinds: Vanilla, Chocolate, Strawberry and Unflavored. Address: The Genesee Pure Food Co., Box 295, LeRoy, N. Y.

NORWAY

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris has made application to the State Board of Bar Examiners for examination for admission to the Bar at the next session of the Board to be held at Portland on the first Tuesday of August, 1904.

JOHN B. MADIGAN,
Secretary of the Board.

MAINE.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Bethel Savings Bank has been notified that book of deposit issued by said bank to Mrs. S. W. True and numbered 3722, has been destroyed or lost, and that she desires to have a new book of deposit issued to her.

BETHEL SAVINGS BANKS,
by A. E. Herick, Treasurer.
Bethel, Me., July 12, 1904.

Real enjoyment is had when reading that clever magazine, The Smart Set.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. H. H. Plummer*

BUSINESS CARDS.

MISS E. E. BURNHAM,
Millinery, Fancy Goods and Jewelry,
BETHEL, ME.

HERRICK & PARK,
Attorneys at Law,
BETHEL, ME.

H. H. HASTINGS,
Attorney-at-Law,
Frye office. Bethel, Me.

A. W. GROVER,
Pension Attorney,
28 Main St., BETHEL, MAINE.
Office days the last three of each week.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
DR. GARDINER L. STURDIVANT,
Physician & Surgeon,
Office in Residence at BETHEL,
opposite Odeon Hall MAINE.

Long Distance Telephone.
DR. I. H. WIGHT,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office in Residence at BETHEL,
Wormell Stand, MAINE.

J. WALDO NASH,
Licensed Taxidermist,
NORWAY, MAINE.
Telephone Connection.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
WORLD'S FAIR,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

April 30th to December 1st, 1904.

REDUCED RATES FROM BETHEL.

Limit 15 Days, \$26.00
Limit 60 Days, \$31.95
Limit until December 15th, \$38.30

FOR ROUND TRIP.

Tickets on sale daily, until Decem-
ber, 1904.

Stop-overs allowed at Chicago,
Port Huron, Detroit and any Point
in Canada.

Tickets good by Niagara Falls in
either direction.

Time Table in Effect June 19, 1904.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	A. M.	P. M.
Island Pond, leave,	1.20	6.30
Gorham,	3.21	8.20
Gilead,	3.45	8.38
West Bethel,	3.57	8.47
BETHEL, arrive,	4.05	8.53
Locke Mills,	9.00	3.32
Bryant Pond,	4.22	9.05
South Paris,	4.51	9.30
Lewiston,	5.50	10.30
Portland, arrive,	6.40	11.15
Boston, via boat,	12.45	4.10

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	A. M.	P. M.
Portland, leave,	8.15	1.30
Lewiston,	9.00	2.25
South Paris,	10.00	3.22
Bryant Pond,	10.28	4.02
Locke Mills,	10.35	4.12
BETHEL, arrive,	10.46	4.25
West Bethel,	10.54	4.35
Gilead,	11.05	4.51
Gorham,	11.20	5.20
Island Pond,	1.30	7.50
Montreal,	6.50	7.20
Toronto,	7.15	4.50
Chicago,	8.45	7.20

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.

Excursions to Gorham and Berlin be-
gin June 12th and run each Sunday till
Oct. 23, fare 45 cts. round trip. Train
leaves Bethel at 11.12 a. m. Returning
leaves Berlin at 4 p. m. arriving in
Bethel at 6.05.

Excursions to Portland begin July 3,
and continue till Sept. 11, fare \$1.00.
Train leaves Bethel 6.55 a. m., return-
ing, arrives at 8.35 p. m.

The \$1.50 a. m. train will carry a par-
lor car from Gorham giving through
service to Boston on and after June 21
J. H. O'CONNOR, Agent.

E. E. WHITNEY & Co.
BETHEL, ME.
Marble & Granite
Workers.
Chaste Designs.
First-Class workmanship.
Letters of inquiry promptly
answered. See our work.
Get our prices.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
E. E. WHITNEY & CO.

CALL AT
R. E. L. FARWELL'S
and see
what you can find
that is
good to eat.
If you don't see what you want,
ask for it

PISO'S CURE FOR
BILIOUSNESS, COLIC, CONSTIPATION,
HEADACHE, BRUISES, ETC.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.



A ROMANCE OF OLD RUSSIA
DMITRI
By F. W. DAINS, M. A.
FELLOW OF ALL SOULS COLLEGE, OXFORD.

XVI.

Now over the wide flat plains of Russia, from Dnieper to Volga, from Novgorod to Kazan, flies Rumour with her hundred tongues, crying aloud, Dmitri is found! Woe to the evil Tsar! Prince Dmitri is coming to free his people from the hated Tartar! Everywhere in town and village excited knots collect and discuss the wondrous news. Expectation is on tiptoe; the liberator is at hand. Where is he? Who has seen him?

Who shall venture to describe the creation of a popular legend?

From the hill at Nijni-Novgorod, from which the old city, with its fortified Kremlin, looks down on the two rivers and the marshy plain beneath, a motley crowd of every nationality and dress might be seen thronging the booths, whose long straight rows cover the triangular space between the rivers, the Volga and the Oka. There, jostling one another, were Finn and Russian, Pole and Tartar; there Armenian and Persian elbow Kalmuck and Ostiak. There appears the little tunic with the scarlet border, the close-fitting brown tunic or flowing many-colored caftan, the striped tunic and bright petticoat, the fur cap and the turban, green, black or white, jumbled together in kaleidoscopic permutations. Life in all its bustling brilliant variety outside, and all its dirty uniformity inside, tosses up and down, to and fro, like the sea, under the sweltering sun of July.

An eager group encircles the booth of the butcher Minin, and hot argument debates the question of the hour.

"I saw him—I saw him with my own eyes!" exclaimed a dirty, excited Cossack. "I saw him at Kieft."

"What was he like?" asked the butcher.

"He was a short man, with a dark face, and his right arm was longer than the other."

"That's him!" exclaimed one or two bystanders. "Yes, it is the Prince."

"How can it be the Prince, when he died at Uglitch?" observed an Armenian, who listened attentively to the conversation.

"He never died!" cried a tall peasant. "I am of Uglitch. I know all about it. The holy Saints protected him."

"How should you know?" said the Armenian scornfully.

"They could not find him; the Tsar lied. I was in the crowd. I saw the body; it was not the Prince."

"And what has he been doing all these years, then?"

"He became a monk," said a little Russian from Rytsk. "He wandered in the steppe. He stayed at the monastery at Novgorod-Severski; but they did not know him."

"But he left a letter—a letter in his cell," put in another.

"He was never a monk," sneered the Cossack. "He was a Zaporogue. I saw him myself. I fought by his side—our hetman knows—Gheras Evangel knows—by his side, I tell you."

"A Cossack! he, the Prince?" ejaculated the little Russian. "Why, my brother saw him in Volhyna! He was not a Cossack."

"Well, anyhow, he is in Poland now," said the Cossack. "I shall go to Kieft, and fight for him. We'll soon do for the Tartar Boris."

"Why did he go to the Layakhs?" said Minin; "the pagans. 'Why didn't he come to his own people?'"

"He will. He couldn't at first. Boris would have caught him and poisoned him."

"I don't like the pagans in Russia," went on Minin, shaking his head; "they will bring no good. Better the Tartars than these accursed Layakhs."

"Pooh!" said the Cossack. "Let Prince Dmitri Ivanovitch only come—then we can drive out the pagans and the Tartar Boris, and then we shall be able to drink brandy cheap again."

"An be able to change our masters again," added a moujik, "when the scoundrel of a Tartar is 'dead and gone.'"

XVII.

On the banks of Dnieper, a score of miles above its outlet into the bad Black Sea, the lone and level steppe stretches out its dreary, marshy waste. A land of pool and morass, of swamp and snipe, wild duck and heron! Here the bravest of the Cossacks, the Zaporogues—the 'dwellers

of no nation, to cast in his lot with the sons of adventure, and take his chance in a wild uncertain gamble, carelessly staking life daily against death or booty. Here the crafty Armenian and ubiquitous Jew plied their trades and drove their bargains, equally flourishing whether Fortune blessed or cursed their free-handed and freebooting customers.

Here, in the great square, surrounded with log huts and gaudy booths, pushes and struggles a living sea of bandits, who pour from all quarters into this open-air assembly-room of the free and lawless Zaporogues. For the drums have beaten to summon the general council of war; the booths are deserted; the turbulent warriors pick themselves up, drunk or sober, from the streets where they fell or sprang, awake or asleep, at full independence all day long when nothing is doing; and singing, yelling, quarrelling, press densely round the tribunal from which their chief or hetman is to harangue them.

Thus for a while they struggle and roar. Suddenly a grizzled, weather-beaten old Cossack springs on the platform, and his appearance is greeted with a wild outburst of 'Korela! Korela!' which at first drowns all attempts on his part to make himself heard. Repeated waving of his horse's tail, the emblem of his office, at length produces a lull.

"Zaporogues, great news! great news! Are we to sit idle here till our knees are stiff and our hair is gray? Who longs for booty, glory, or the death of a hero? Let him listen to the valiant Otrepielt!"

Amidst furious shouts of 'Korela!' he descends, and a tall man in the habit of a monk takes his place.

"Korela! Korela!"

Through the uproar the monk vainly endeavors to gain a hearing. A Cossack leaps up and tries to hurl him from his position. The monk, seizing his antagonist fairly by the middle, tosses him with a prodigious heave on to the heads of the nearest shouters, and raising his voice to a scream, addresses them—

"Noble Zaporogues, a word! How long will you sit like women, babbling an squabbling with Jews, while your life runs on, and the rust chokes the barrels of your guns, and locks the sword to the scabbard? No women in your camp? Why, you are all women! Your voices are loud, but your arms are soft."

The crowd surged to and fro, but the din grew less; for his recent feat and his powerful figure commanded their attention.

The monk tore from his bosom a young raven, and tossed it into the air; it flew rapidly away to the north.

"Zaporogues, mark the bird. See how it hastens to the north! Why—it smells blood. Zaporogues, which of you remembers Dmitri Ivanovitch? Which of you fought under Gheras Evangel?"

"'And II!' 'And II!' roared fifty voices."

"Zaporogues, a Cossack—one of yourselves—wants help. He is marching against the evil Tsar—the Tartar Tsar—who despises the Cossacks and steals their brandy. Does any one want brandy? Does any one want gold? What! Will any one stay behind when a Zaporogue wants assistance against a vile Tartar? Will you let a brother-in-arms fall, for want of a few brave comrades to fight at his side?"

"Zaporogues, do you know who you will fight for? Some say he is Prince Dmitri Ivanovitch, the son of old Ivan the Terrible, who has come to claim his rights, and drive away the Tartar Boris. And some say he is a son of Stephen Bator, who gave the Zaporogues their hetman and their privileges. And he asks your help against the Tsar. Will you let him fight alone, without a comrade? Will you sit at home when the eagles are collecting for a feast?"

Here he began to sing, in a kind of chant, an old Cossack war-song.

"Over the mountain, to a cloud, a cloud rises! It rises, it thunders! The lightning flames over the Ukraine. 'Tis the Cossacks, the valiant Zaporogues. Hark! the drums beat, the horses neigh, the guns roar like the wind on the ocean."

"I see a crowd! I see the flash of the steel. The blood flows like a river into the Dnieper! Ah! the raven will croak!—the raven will croak!—flying over the steppe—flying over the steppe—flying over the steppe! The cuckoo will mourn in the grove; the grey hawk and the swift eagle. Hark! they shriek for their brethren—the Cossacks—that fear not the charge of the enemy! Where are they? Has the whirlwind buried them? Has hell swallowed them? They are gone on the steppe! They are no more seen on the plain! Hark! how the raven croaks! 'See where the white bones cover the earth, and the long hair clotted with gore lies stripped from the bare skull; there sits the black magpie—dark bird of ill omen! Have they gone, these warriors? Ay! but what have they gained? Glory, glory is theirs! Glory and eternal renown in the songs of the Cossacks—the songs of the warriors that fear not

the enemy."

"Hurrah! hurrah!" screamed the excited Cossacks. "Hurrah for the raven and the glory!" And a thousand voices took up the chant.

"Zaporogues!" shouted Korela, bounding up on to the platform again, "to-morrow we will start. Away with fine clothes and brandy pitchers—no more drinking and carousing. A curse on the man who deserts his comrades in the hour of danger, and falls at the roll-call!"

XVIII.

At length the momentous day arrived on which King Sigismund had graciously declared his intention of according to the fugitive Russian Prince a public audience, and making known to him what attitude he would adopt to his claims.

The ante-chamber of the royal reception hall was thronged with Polish nobles, who pressed around Dmitri in the greatest excitement; for, though it was pretty generally known that the King was favorably disposed to him, yet it would make a vast deal of difference whether he should merely recognize his position, or actively further his schemes with money and troops. Dmitri himself preserved his calm, and maintained a uniformly dignified and reserved demeanor, but his more ardent supporters eagerly canvassed the chances, and speculated on the probable results of the timid character of the King.

"Money and troops, my dear sir!" Iwanicki was saying; "how little you know our excellent monarch, Soltikoff. No, no; in a case like this, trust me for it, fine words and prayers will be his little game. Recourse must be had to the spiritual arms of faith, which moves mountains, and perpetual fervent prayer. Why—"

The buzz of conversation suddenly broke off, as the door opened, and a master of ceremonies summoned Prince Dmitri, and ushered him into the presence of the King.

As the door closed behind them, the hum of voices again arose. "What will he say?" "Who's in there?" "No, one but the old fox Rangoni and the King." "I wonder what Sigismund will say?"

"Pooh! what does it matter what he says?" went on Iwanicki, rather too loud, to the asker. "I should think the Poles don't want Sigismund's leave to fight when and for whom they choose."

"Your tongue runs fast, Count," replied the Chancellor, who caught his words. "You should know better than to speak slightly of your King. Who honors the King honors himself."

Before Iwanicki could reply, the door opened again, and Dmitri reappeared.

"Well, what said His Majesty?" exclaimed Iwanicki, with a marked emphasis on the words and a glance at the Chancellor. "How went your petition?"

"His Majesty," answered Dmitri, "gave me a very gracious reception. I explained my position to him as shortly as I could, and paused for a reply, when I caught the eye of a majordomo or something of the kind, who signed me to withdraw, so I withdrew. His Majesty is speaking with the legate on the subject, I imagine."

"Taking advice from Holy Church, no doubt," said Iwanicki with a sneer. At this moment the great doors were flung open, and the nobles poured into the hall. Rangoni came forward and led the Prince up to the throne through a double line of courtiers.

Dmitri, whose martial figure looked very striking in a suit of black velvet, his only ornament being the diamond cross which sparkled on his broad breast, advanced, his arms crossed on his chest in the Muscovite fashion for suppliants, to within a few paces of the King. There he stopped.

The King considered him for a moment, then he made a step towards him and said—

"God preserve thee, Demetrius Ivanovitch, Prince of Muscovy. Thy birth is known to us, and approved by trustworthy testimony. We do here assign thee a yearly revenue of 40,000 florins, and do grant thee permission, as our friend and guest, to accept the counsel and services of these our subjects."

There was a low murmur of applause. Dmitri bent very low, and then, suddenly recovering himself, traversed the apartment with hasty steps, and went out.

A second murmur, of astonishment, followed his abrupt departure. "A fine Prince of Muscovy!" exclaimed Zamolsky aloud. "He seems to have left his manners behind him at Uglitch."

"No doubt," instantly answered Iwanicki in a low voice, which, notwithstanding, was distinctly heard all over the room, "some of us here, if we were Prince of Muscovy, would have acted very differently on hearing we were suddenly about to recover our rightful heritage."

The chancellor shot a glance of anger at him, and even Sigismund was about to rebuke him for his breach of etiquette. But the Papal legate broke in—

"Let not your Majesty take offence at this trying moment the feelings of nature have proved too strong for courtesy. This sudden manifestation of Heaven's blessing and your Majesty's generosity might well overpower all minor considerations and work upon an exile's heart. Your Majesty will excuse the young Prince and his breach of ceremony. I am well assured it was no mark of ingratitude, but the very reverse."

"It is well Rangoni," said the King; "we bear no grudge to the young man for his apparent discourtesy. Know, gentlemen of Poland, he went on, looking round at the audience, "you have our permission to do what in you lies and your friendship may dictate towards reinstating this royal fugitive in his kingdom. The sacredness

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of treaties forbids us to do more, and assist him with the forces of Poland against the usurper Boris. But, doubtless, the noble Palatine of Sandorim will spare no pains to make the attempt of his future son-in-law successful."

And with a wave of his hand he dismissed the assembly.

"Old hypocrite!" said Iwanicki to Muiszek, as they all trooped out. "What a crafty scheme! To shift the whole peril on to his faithful subjects, and grab all the profit when it comes. Faith! it smells of the Jesuits."

"No matter," said the Palatine; "so long as we get his royal countenance for the affair, let the aid be what it may. Come along with me, Count; there's lot to arrange, and I want you to help me."

"I'll be with you immediately. I must just go and discover what our ill-mannered or too sensitive general is about, and why he bolted like that. I'll be with you in a moment, and then, hey for Muscovy and a carouse in the Kremlin!"

[To be continued.]

Witty Joe Cannon.

While serving his second term in Congress, Joe Cannon was driving on a muddy road in March, after the adjournment of a short session, when he met a township road supervisor, who said:

"Joe, do they dock you when you are away from Congress?"

"No; my wages run on just the same," said Uncle Joe.

"The township doesn't pay people when they don't work," said the farmer.

"I expect it would be better to dock us when we do work," replied Uncle Joe gravely.

A Democratic member once ventured to challenge one of his statements.

"Mr. Blank is mistaken," sharply replied Mr. Cannon. This form of denial was contrary to the rules, because it mentioned a member by name instead of as "the gentleman from Indiana."

The offended Democrat called the Speaker's attention to the breach of rules. The Speaker explained and instructed the new member to proceed in order.

With a sweeping and courteous bow, which has since become famous, Mr. Cannon said:

"If the venerable and august gentleman who is such a stickler for the rules will bear with me, I beg to inform him he lies under a mistake."—World's Work.

New Device to Keep Form of Trees.

A man over on the western slope is using a curious device to maintain the form of his trees while bearing a heavy crop. He uses screws with eyes from which the wires run from limb to limb. The screw eyes are inserted into the wood but have to be started with an awl. He can see no injury whatever to the boughs where the screws penetrate, although in use three years. It is a most effective means of supporting the laden branches and is in use upon about 300 trees in this man's orchard. The old-fashioned pole props are in the way of the cultivator, the trimmer and the harvester, while the new overstrung method is practically in the way of nothing. There is no patent upon this device, and if it does no injury to the branches it is a meritorious plan of tree propping.—Denver Field and Farm.

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Banner Lye is pulverized. The can may be opened and closed at will, permitting the use of a small quantity at a time. It is just the article needed in every household. It will clean paint, floors, marble and tile work, soften water, disinfect sinks, closets and waste pipes. Write for booklet "Uses of Banner Lye"—free.

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It is without a parallel as a general and special tonic in all cases of debility. It meets more conditions of the invalid than any other ever produced. It is made from a specially prepared article by one of the foremost chemists of the age. As a Heart and Nerve Tonic it is without an equal.

RECOMMENDATION.

I hereby certify that I have personally used the French Bordeaux Cordial for which Mr. H. D. Leonard of Gardiner is agent. As a stomach remedy, to stimulate an appetite and promote digestion it must rank as one of the most efficient remedies yet known. It has a tonic effect upon the general system, increases the circulation, and materially builds up the whole body by its reconstructive power to one who feels debilitated, when taken according to directions, it seems to have immediate effect and creates a feeling of exhilaration that is more permanent than from any remedy I have ever used.

W. P. GIDDINGS, M. D.
Gardiner, Me., Jan. 12, 1903.

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Shoe Dressings of all kinds.

Rubber and Leather Cement.

Sole Leather by the side.

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Repairing promptly attended to.

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Gladden's and Gladden's hair balm. Restores a luxuriant growth. Restores falling hair. Cures scalp diseases. Hair falling out. Cures itching scalp. 25c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

The Korean Bridgroom.

In some parts of Korea and among some Korean families it is the custom for bridgrooms to dwell under the roofs of their fathers-in-law until the first son has been born and attained to years of manhood. Should any Korean, however, stay in the house of his bride's people for more than three days after his wedding, he is compelled to remain for an entire year.

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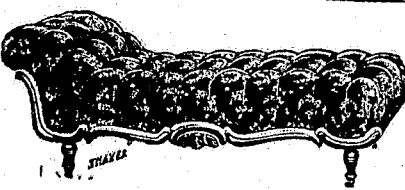
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THE MONEY QUESTION.

A Hard Problem With Which Many Wives Have to Wrestle.

Perhaps the first difficulty young wives have to encounter, as well as the last that old wives have still to wrestle with, is the question of money. Most women are by nature economical. They watch out more carefully than men do and plan expenditures more closely. The extravagant women are usually those whose lives have not been allowed to develop naturally, who have been forced into an economic dependence and taught the joys of spending, with none of the counterbalancing difficulties of earning. But even such women have economical streaks in the midst of their lavishness—a sort of spasmodic reversion to type. In spite of this there is in most masculine minds a deep seated distrust of woman's financial ability, and the consequence is that the world is full of careful, industrious wives nagged and hindered by careless, impulsive husbands, who take to themselves the credit of the wife's savings and throw upon her the blame of their own loose methods. Few of these women like to assert themselves boldly as their husbands' financial superiors—some of them even aid him in his joyful career of self-deception—and when in desperation they are driven to take the reins into their own hands it hurts them worse than it does the husbands.—Harper's Bazaar.

Ladies' Blouse Eton with Bishop or Bell Sleeves.

Jaunty little Etons and blouses for spring are such a decided change from the long coats of the past season and so very becoming to all figures that they are assured an extended vogue.

Many different styles are shown in these short coats, a particularly attractive one being illustrated here. It



is developed in marine blue voile with blue moire trimmings.

The garment is simply adjusted with shoulder and underarm seams. Two broad plaits reach from shoulder to girdle, back and front, extending over the sleeves in a becoming manner. The fullness at the lower edge is attached to the top of a plain fitted girdle of silk, blousing slightly all around. The girdle is laced in front. The fronts of the coat are deeply underlaced with silk and turned back to form revers. A shallow rolling collar completes the neck. One-piece sleeves fit the upper arm closely and flare widely in bell effect at the wrist. The lower edge is trimmed with a band of silk. Deep silk ruffles are attached to the inside of the sleeves and fall over the knuckles. If bishop sleeves are desired, they may be gathered at the lower edge and attached to wristbands, the pattern for which is provided.

Etons in this style may be worn as separate outside garments or developed in the same fabric as the skirts which they accompany, to make stylish street suits. For this purpose loosely woven silk and woolen materials are used as well as broadcloth, Venetian, cheviot and covert. Contrasting materials are most effective for trimming.

To make the Eton in the medium size will require two and one-half yards of material forty-four inches wide, with seven-eighths of a yard of silk for trimming.

Perversity of the Baby.

A father of much experience says: "Wash a baby clean and dress him up pretty and he will resist all advances with the most superlative crossness, but let him eat molasses, gingerbread and fool around the coal-hod for half an hour and he will nestle his dear little dirty face close up to your clean shirt bosom and be just the loveliest, cunningest little rascal in all the world."—Chicago Post.

Are Women Too Active?

The women of this generation are undoubtedly suffering from too much occupation. The listless, bored, discontented, unsettled girl of twenty years ago has given place to the restless, energetic and positively business woman thirsting for fresh outlets for enterprise. We are caught up in the whirlwind of modern unrest, and we imagine we are happy because we have no time to think anything to the contrary.—Ladies' Field.

A Medical View of Whipping.

Against this subordinate sway of savagery, this proposition to rule little children by terror and by pain, the Medical Record most emphatically protests. The whip inspires terror of itself and not of the crime. Its physical effects, quite aside from the pain engendered, are bad and may be deplorable. Its moral influence is shameful and degrading.—Medical Record.



A prominent Southern lady, Mrs. Blanchard, of Nashville, Tenn., tells how she was cured of backache, dizziness, painful and irregular periods by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Gratitude compels me to acknowledge the great merit of your Vegetable Compound. I have suffered for four years with irregular and painful menstruation, also dizziness, pains in the back and lower limbs, and fitful sleep. I dreaded the time to come which would only mean suffering to me."

"Better health is all I wanted, and cure if possible. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought me health and happiness in a few short months. I feel like another person now. My aches and pains have left me. Life seems new and sweet to me, and everything seems pleasant and easy."

"Six bottles brought me health, and was worth more than months under the doctor's care, which really did not benefit me at all. I am satisfied there is no medicine so good for sick women as your Vegetable Compound, and I advocate it to my lady friends in need of medical help."—MRS. B. A. BLANCHARD, 422 Broad St., Nashville, Tenn. \$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Bill Nye on Docked Horses.

"The tenderest part of a horse's body is that quarter easily defended by a long tail but entirely out of reach of a docked horse. I cannot bear to look at a crazed animal beating the air wildly with his pathetic stump while the flies are stinging him. I can not be patient with those who follow this wicked custom in order that they may be considered fashionable. The man who does this knowing the facts regarding it, is the man who pulled flies to pieces when a boy and if his wife indorses it her family ought to have the coffee analyzed every morning. And how can a docked horse be regarded as beautiful? How would George Washington look in marble riding a mutilated horse? Does any great sculptor ever put a hero on a bob-tailed horse?"

Deceivers Ever.

She was a charming little thing, but she was not familiar with the country and its ways. Still, although she was from London, that great brute of a cousin of hers had no right to attempt to deceive her. He had volunteered to show her round the farm, and by and by they strolled into the cow shed.

"Dear me, how closely the poor cows are crowded together!" she remarked.

"Yes," he said. "But, you see, we're obliged to pack them close."

"Why?"

"So that they'll give condensed milk," he said, without a blush.

And the dear girl smiled, and said she hadn't thought of that.—Answers.

English Humor.

Senator Perkins, of California, returned recently from a tour of Europe. The unprecedented rainfall interfered considerably with the Senator's pleasure, but it gave him an opportunity to sample the humor of London "bus conductors."

One rainy day, Mr. Perkins boarded a "bus" and took a seat inside. He began soon to feel the pattering of raindrops upon his head. The roof of the "bus" leaked, and the American was suffering.

The conductor just then came in to collect the fares, and Mr. Perkins said to him:

"What's the matter with this roof? Does it do this always?"

"No, sir, only when it rains," the conductor answered smiling.—Detroit News-Tribune.

The Difference.

"Are you ever troubled with insomnia—sleeplessness?"

"I should say I am. Some nights I don't sleep three hours."

"That so! I've got it awfully bad. I've been afflicted now about two years. The doctor calls it neuritis insomniis paralaxitis."

"I've had it about 8 months, and we call it Ethel."—Schoolmaster.

A Three-Balled Joke.

"I suppose a pawnbroker's life is a pretty hard one."

"O, I don't know; it has its redeeming features."—Boston Globe.

Always a Chance.

Clara—Do you think there is any chance of his asking me to marry him? Maud—Yes; I never saw a man yet who wouldn't make a fool of himself.—Detroit Free Press.

The Disappointing Owls.

When owls go out upon a toot "Tis said this is the way of it: They say to one another, "Hoot! Come on! Let's make a day of it."

POULTRY

GREEN FEEDS FOR FOWLS.

It Furnishes Considerable Amount Nutritive Material.

The green feeds which are justly considered so important add to the palatability of the ration, furnish a considerable amount of nutritive material, and undoubtedly help to maintain hens in good condition. The New York State station recommends for this purpose the more nitrogenous forage plants such as clover, alfalfa, and immature grasses. "These feeds also contain more of the needed lime than do grains." It must be remembered that fowls are not fitted to depend too largely upon bulky feed and that the proportion of grain in the ration must always be fairly large. According to Prof. Wheeler, another and very important reason, which is sometimes overlooked for using such foods as young clover, fresh or dried, is the effect on the color of the egg yolk. He says:

"Eggs from hens which are fed only certain grain and animal substances generally have yolks of a pale yellow color. This is often objected to by those who have a preference for eggs with darker, orange-colored yolks. The liberal feeding of fresh or dried young clover, alfalfa, or grass will generally insure the deeper coloration. The cause of this frequent lack of what may be considered the normal yellow color of the egg yolks is not well known, but the occurrence of the pale color can be generally prevented by attention to the food."

The above facts are illustrated by the results of a test at the station in which four lots of hens were fed alike except that no hay nor green feed was given to one, while the others had different amounts of clover hay alternating with green alfalfa. The eggs showed marked differences in color. Those laid by the hens having no green feed had yolks of a light shade, the color increasing in intensity with the proportion of hay or green feed in the ration. The greenish tint of the white also varied, but not so regularly.—Farmers' Voice.

Facts About Geese.

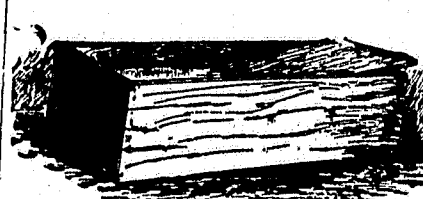
Goose raising is not so largely engaged in in this country as it is in Europe, especially in Germany, where geese are raised by the hundreds and herded like sheep in America.

There is no reason why every farmer who has plenty of grass range should not keep geese and increase his income at very little cost, as they can be kept on grass and water from spring until late in the fall. Nearly every farmer has some meadow near his buildings which could be utilized to very good advantage by devoting it to goose culture.

The only time one has to feed any grain is in winter, and then very little is required to keep them in good breeding condition. Feed a little oats, cut clover and green corn-stalk leaves, oyster shells and plenty of water, and a little corn at night on real cold days, and your breeding geese will be in the best of condition when the breeding season arrives. Geese should not be fat for breeding purposes, but they must be well fed while they are laying eggs in the spring. No expensive yards or houses are required; a three foot wire netting fence will hold them, and an open shed facing the south for them to go under and make their nests in is all that is necessary, but their shed should be away from other buildings where they will not be disturbed or the building jarred by slamming doors or cattle and hogs rubbing against it, as that is very injurious to goose eggs while being hatched.

Chickens in the Horse Trough.

Chickens have a way of leaving their drinking pens and "fountains," and seeking the more abundant and fresher water of the horse trough. It is all very well so long as the trough is overflowing full, but when the water is low, they often lose their balance, fall in and drown. A subscriber sends us a description of a device, shown in the accompanying engraving, which is effective with him.



He takes a board which floats at one end in the water, and rests at the other upon the end of the trough, being held in place by a twenty-penny nail driven through it. The board, being two inches narrower than the trough, floats freely, and there are no more drowned chickens, for if they fall in they can get out again unassisted.

Turkeys Should Have Large Range.

Turkeys do best when they have a large open range and are allowed to lay eggs and rear their young as nearly in the natural way as possible. Of course, if there is danger from skunks in the neighborhood it is necessary to look after the young ones at time of hatching and to provide some kind of coops for them at night. As a rule, however, they do best if allowed freedom and given a wide range where there are plenty of insects during summer and are allowed to roost high up on an open shed or in tree tops. This treatment applies especially to the bronze turkey, which is a descendant of the native American bird. Plenty of whole grain is required for feed during spring.

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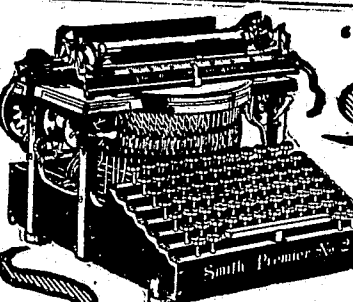


FOR restoring original lustre and tone to old worn, scratched and faded furniture, woodwork and floors. LACQUERET dries over night and wears like rawhide. It will not fade, turn white or crack. LACQUERET is all right in every way for everything. A child can apply it.

LACQUERET is sold in convenient packages ready for use in Light Oak, Dark Oak, Mahogany, Cherry, Walnut, Rosewood, Rich Red, Moss Green, and "Clear". It is TRANSLUCENT, none fading, brilliant and durable. Superior in points of merit to anything on the market.

Ask for Color Card and instructive booklet "THE DAINTY DECORATOR." FOR SALE BY

G. R. WILEY, Bethel, Maine.



"Types of Endurance"

The Smith Premier

The World's Best Typewriter

was invented by the world's foremost typewriter expert.

It is built on correct mechanical lines. It is strong in every part. It is simple and direct in operation, and almost frictionless.

It does the speediest and most perfect work of any writing machine, and under the severest tests of actual business it wears like an anvil.

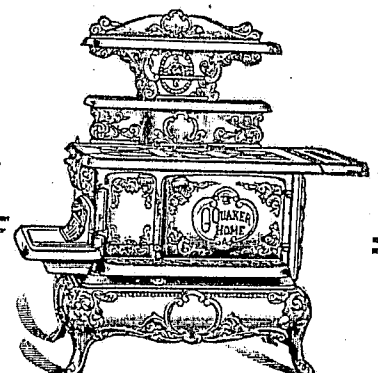
Send for our little book describing every part.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

P. D. Chamberlain, Agt., Portland, Me.

A QUAKER RANGE

Absolutely



FREE!

Your old Range will cost you the price of a new Quaker Range in extra fuel in a very few years.

\$2 Down and \$2 a month buys a Quaker Range.

Hobbs' Variety Store
NORWAY, MAINE.

When in Rumford Falls be Sure and see Our Stock of

Ranges, Hardware, Tinware, Paints and Oils,

The Largest and Freshest Stock in Oxford County.

STANLEY BISBEE,
Cheney Block, Rumford Falls, Maine.

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In any quantity desired. Carg load lots a specialty. For Prices and particulars, address

SIMON STAHL,
BERLIN, N. H.

Also Dealer in Coal and Wood.

The Bethel News

Published Wednesdays by the
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B. C. BOWLER, Editor.
Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter.

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If you want to discontinue your paper, write to the publisher yourself, and don't leave it to the postmaster.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1904.

Address given at the Gilead Centennial by Prof. A. J. Roberts.

The material progress of the nineteenth century eclipsed that of any previous century. This progress was notable throughout the civilized world, but the most extraordinary manifestations of it were displayed in this country. It was due primarily to the fact that two hitherto unused natural forces, steam and electricity, were enlisted in the service of man. These forces made possible the development of the resources of the world, and furnished the means of distributing the products of mine and mill, of field and forest, among mankind. Had it not been for the discovery of the manifold uses of steam and electricity, industrial operations of almost every sort would still be conducted on a small scale and with primitive appliances.

The agricultural development of the great Middle West, for example, would have been absolutely impossible had it not been for steam transportation which brought the corn field and wheat field within easy reach of markets 2000 or 10,000 miles away. Any of the great industries that flourish to-day would in such conditions as obtained a century ago, speedily cease to exist. Unaided either by steam or electricity, ingenuity and inventiveness could avail but little. Unless there are still other natural forces, as yet undiscovered which may be subdued to man's will and made his servants, it is safe to predict that the nineteenth century will never be surpassed in point of relative material advance by any century to come. It is not at all unlikely that a thousand years from now men will look back on the century just closed as the era in which the human race made its most important beginnings of that final and complete conquest of the material world, which we believe the future is to bring.

The progress of the nineteenth century in social, political, and religious lines is not so easy to determine. Perhaps it is too soon to attempt it. We stand too near events to appreciate their significance. We cannot see the woods for the trees. As we read of strikes and riots and lynchings, of the lawlessness of capital and of labor, of regiments of millionaires and armies of tramps, of bosses and hoodlums in politics, of the breaking down of ancient faiths and the loss of ideals which the fathers cherished,—as we read of all this it sometimes seems as if we were going backward and not forward. A bit of driftwood caught in a swirling eddy looks as if it were going up stream, but all the time the resistless current of the river is bearing it toward the sea. So what seems to us to be retrogression in the social, political and religious life of America may be but circling eddies on the surface of the mighty stream of progress moving steadily onward.

The nineteenth century, and especially the last third of it, was remarkable for the development of educational facilities. Colleges and other higher institutions of learning multiplied and displayed marvelous growth in numbers and wealth. Increasingly vast sums were spent for the support of common schools. A longer school year, better trained teachers, ampler equipment, enriched courses of study,—all this and more besides the nineteenth century saw accomplished in the field of public education. But advance is not everywhere apparent. In this town, for example, there were, fifty or seventy-five years ago, six or six schoolhouses full of children.

Ayer's

Falling hair means weak hair. Then strengthen your hair; feed it with the only hair food, Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, makes the hair

Hair Vigor

grow, completely cures dandruff. And it always restores color to gray hair, all the rich, dark color of early life.

"My hair was falling out badly and I was afraid I would lose it all. Then I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor. It quickly stopped the falling and made my hair all I could wish it to be."

Remedies E. Allen, Elizabeth, N. J.
\$1.00 a bottle.
All druggists.

Falling Hair

to-day two schoolhouses have each a handful. The present buildings and teachers are no doubt better than those of earlier times, but after all there is nothing so necessary to the success of the schools as plenty of children. All the modern improvements in education but poorly compensate the district school for the departed glory of its overflowing numbers.

In 1772 Oliver Peabody and John Peabody, Jr., of Andover, Mass., and John Bodwell and Samuel Bodwell of Methuen, petitioned the Legislature of the province to purchase at a fair price and upon reasonable conditions a tract of land on the Androscoggin river west of Sudbury Canada (Bethel). One of these petitioners, Capt. John Peabody, fought at Louisbourg and Ticonderoga, and the others may have served in the provincial army, but it is evident that in their address to the Legislature they did not refer to any services to the province which should entitle them to special consideration. They wished to buy the land, probably with no intention of settling upon it themselves, but for purposes of speculation or for the satisfaction of the land hunger so common among early New Englanders. The following transcript from the court records in the Massachusetts archives gives an abstract of the petition and the reply of the Legislature:

June 30, 1772.

A Petition of Oliver Peabody and John Peabody, Jr., of Andover, John Bodwell and Samuel Bodwell of Methuen—Setting forth—That there is a Tract of Province Land on Androscoggin River adjoining to the Western part of a township granted to Capt. Fuller and others, of four miles one way and three miles the other which is so situated as that no Township can be now had there so as to include it. And praying that the same may be granted to them for such Sum of Money and upon such Conditions as this Court shall order.

In the House of Representatives. Resolved that the prayer of this Petition be granted, and that the Petitioners have liberty to lay out the Land prayed for at the western end of a Township granted to Josiah Richardson, Esq., and others on both sides of Androscoggin River as far westward as the Land will admit so as not to interfere with any former Grant or with private property, and that they return a plan thereof taken by a Surveyor and Chainman on Oath to this Court within twelve months from the first day of July 1772 for confirmation. And that they also give Bond with sufficient sureties to the Province Treasurer or his successor to settle the same with fifteen families, each of which within six years from the return of the plan to have built a good House of twenty feet by eighteen and seven feet stud and have cleared for pasture or tillage five Acres each; that they also out of the premises grant one hundred Acres for the First Ordained Protestant Minister, one hundred Acres for the Ministry and one hundred Acres for the use of a School within said Grant; and further that they give Bond with sufficient sureties to the Treasurer to pay to him or his successor for the use of the Province such a Sum of Money as the Land to plan shall contain shall amount to, at the rate of three hundred pounds for a Township of the Contents of six miles square within one year from the confirmation of the Grant.

In Council, Read and Concurred.
Consented to by the Governor.

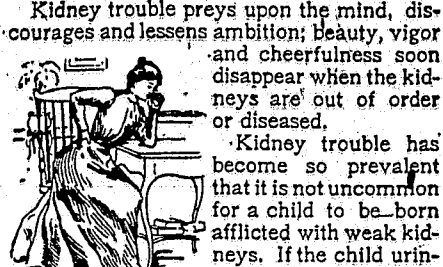
In accordance with the direction of the Legislature the petitioners, prepared such a plan and the following year presented it for final acceptance and confirmation. The survey showed that the tract contained a little over 6,000 acres; about 4,000 acres of river and mountain which the petitioners were not expected to pay for. At the rate fixed by the Legislature, £300 for each six miles square, the purchase price of what came to be called Peabody's Patent was a little more than £80, or about \$400. The result of the survey, the conditions of the sale and the price to be paid are set forth in the following transcript from the court records:

June 19, 1773.
In the House of Representatives—Resolved that the plan annexed of the contents of six thousand two hundred and twenty six Acres exclusive of three thousand nine hundred and fifty six Acres and thirty one pole contained in Mountains and Rivers, laid out pursuant to a Grant made to Oliver Peabody and John Peabody, Jr., of Andover, John Bodwell and Samuel Bodwell of Methuen June 27, 1772, lying at the western end of a Township granted to Josiah Richardson, Esq., and others, bounded at the Southwesterly corner with a large high Rock on the easterly line of a Township called Shelburne, thence on said line North eight degrees east by the needle three hundred and twenty pole to Androscoggin River, then crossing said River and continuing the same course till eight hundred and seventy two pole be completed from the Rock aforesaid to a Spruce tree marked P B, thence East by the needle one thousand six hundred and fifty four pole to a hemlock tree marked P B, thence South twenty degrees East three hundred and seventy pole to the Northwest corner of a Township Granted to Josiah Richardson aforesaid, thence on the same course crossing the westerly end of an Island in said River five hundred and ninety pole to a Birch tree marked P B, thence West by the needle over a large mountain two thousand and eighty pole to the Rock first mentioned, be accepted and hereby is confirmed to the aforesaid Oliver Peabody, John Peabody, Jr., John Bodwell & Samuel Bodwell their Heirs and Assigns forever; provided they give Bond with sufficient sureties to the Province Treasurer or his successor to settle the same with fifteen families, each of which within six years from the date hereof to have built a good House of twenty feet by eighteen and seven feet stud and have cleared for pasture or tillage five Acres each; that they also out of the premises grant one hundred Acres for the first ordained Protestant Minister, one hundred Acres for the Ministry and one hundred Acres for the use of a School within said Grant; and further that they give Bond with sufficient sureties to the Treasurer to pay to him or his successor for the use of the Province the sum of eighty pounds, one shilling and seven pence within one year from the date hereof; provided also that it doth not exceed the quantity of six thousand two hundred and twenty six Acres exclusive of three thousand nine hundred and fifty six Acres of Mountains and Rivers as aforesaid nor interfere with any former Grant.

In Council, read and concurred.
Consented to by the Governor.

One very important condition of the sale the purchasers certainly did not fulfil, that of settling the Patent within six years with fifteen families. In some way, however, they managed to hold the land, perhaps by forfeiting the amount of their bond, perhaps by securing an extension of time; though in either case we should expect to find some entry in the Massachusetts court records in regard to it. But there is no reference to Peabody's Patent between 1773, the year of the sale, and 1804, the year of the incorporation of the town. It is perhaps not unreasonable to suppose that in the political disturbances of the time the affairs of the province were rather loosely administered, and that these owners of a wilderness tract were allowed to remain in undisturbed possession; although they had failed to meet a very important condition of their purchase.

In Williamson's History of Maine there is an extract from a manuscript letter of Abraham Burbank, Esq., containing some interesting information about the earliest settlement of Peabody's Patent. He wrote that the Patent had in it two families in 1781, but that both the men were killed by Indians on August 4 of that year. The hostile raid of Canadian Indians, in the employ of the British, which resulted in the death of these two pioneer settlers and in the captivity of Segar and the Clarks of Sudbury Canada is described at length in Segar's autobiographical pamphlet published at Paris in 1823, and reprinted in Lapham's History of Bethel. Segar says that on the 3d of August 1781, there came six Indians from Canada, painted for war and armed with guns, tomahawks and scalping knives. Segar, Leut. Johnathan Clark and Capt. Eleazar Twitchell, working together

Women as Well as Men
Are Made Miserable by
Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; Beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

In a clearing, were taken prisoners by five of these Indians, carried to Clark's house—which was near by—and securely bound. While the Indians were plundering the house the sixth Indian appeared with another prisoner, Capt. Benjamin Clark. Before the march for Canada was begun, Capt. Twitchell managed to break away from his captors and successfully eluded pursuit. The Indians loaded their three captives with the plunder, and with them late in the afternoon started up the valley. When they had gone two or three miles darkness came on and they were obliged to camp for the night. What happened the next day in Peabody's Patent may best be recounted in Segar's own words: "Early in the morning we were ordered to travel up the river. We came to a place called Peabody's Patent now Gilead. We went to a house owned by Mr. James Pettigill. He was at a little distance from his house when we came to it. He was making towards the house, but, seeing the Indians at the house, he stopped. The Indians discovered him and called to him to come to them; and he did. They then searched the house, and they found some sugar and in a tub some cream. They put the sugar into the tub of cream, and they fell to eating like hogs, but they gave us none to eat. Mrs. Pettigill and a number of children were in the house, but they received no abuse from them. After a short stay here the Indians told Mr. Pettigill that he must go with them to Canada. He told them he had no shoes. They searched the house, but they found none. They then told him that he might tarry at home, but charged him not to leave the house. We went on, I should suppose, a mile or more, and we were ordered to stop. Two of the Indians went back, and soon returned, and Mr. Pettigill with them; we traveled some distance together. On a sudden, Mr. Pettigill was missing. I thought they had sent him back; but they killed him about half a mile from his house. Some days after his wife discovered his dead body in the bushes where they had left it. Mr. Joseph Greeley Swan, with several others from Bethel, went and buried him."

Segar goes on to say that after this melancholy event the party went on to Shelburne, N. H., and visited the house of Mr. Hope Austin who had the good fortune not to be at home. They continued their march for several miles and came to the house of Capt. Rindge. A man by name of Poor, evidently employed by Capt. Rindge, was killed and scalped by the Indians as he was on his way to his work in the field. At this point the party left the Androscoggin river and started across country for Canada.

Now what conclusions are to be drawn from the letter of Abraham Burbank and Segar's account of the Indian raid? It seems clear that of the two men killed by the Indians only one lived in Peabody's Patent. If there had been any other settler in the Patent at the time of the raid, he would have been taken prisoner and killed.

FROM THE
Kitchen to Parlor

(First of Series August Offerings, more to follow.)

We furnish your house complete. No order too small, no order too large to interest us.

Special Prices for August Sales, Prevail Now

OAK CHAMBER SETS—

Large Beds, Broad Bureaus with French Mirrors, Splasher Back Commodes, \$15.50 per set.

Others, \$17.50, \$19.00, and \$20.00.

Single Bureaus, with Mirrors, \$7.50.

Five-Drawer Oak Chiffoniers, \$5.00.

DINING TABLES—

Made only of Solid Oak, regular \$15.00, \$12.50 and \$10.00 values; now marked at \$12.00, \$9.00 and \$7.50.

Cane Seat Chairs, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50.

Special Values in Tapestry and Velvet Carpets

Some arrived too late for spring business, others were selected for early fall trade—they are here and we make merry with them to influence business in our direction out of regular season. IT'S AN OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE.

Tapestry Brussels, 65 cents per yard, instead 85 cents per yard. High Grade Velvets, 75 cents per yard, instead \$1.00 per yard. All other grades marked very low, including our Art Carpets at the unheard of price, 30 cents per yard.

FIFTY TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS—Size 9 feet by 12

ft., only \$20.00; Tapestry Rugs, 9 ft. by 12 ft., \$17.00. Two hundred other patterns of large rugs of every sort and quality. Each contribute their part to make this August sale of house furnishings the most notable ever attempted.

Introductory Prices—Sterling Ranges.

We are just getting them on to our show room floor—quality the best and satisfaction certain to every buyer. Write for descriptive booklet. Your old range in part payment if you wish.

Cash or Easy Terms. We Pay Freight.

Bradford, Conant & Co.,

199-203 LISBON ST., LEWISTON, MAINE.

this time it is reasonable to suppose that the Indians would have made him a visit, for the habitation of any such settler must have been in the narrow valley of the Androscoggin, right in the path of the returning raiders. Segar evidently describes all the visits the band made on their way up the river, and there was but one in Peabody's Patent. The fact that Pettigill was buried by men from Sudbury Canada would seem to prove that after the death of Pettigill there was no man left in the Patent. It is clear, then, that in 1781 there was but one family in Peabody's Patent and that this Mr. Pettigill was the first settler in what is now the town of Gilead. Where he came from, of whom he bought his land, whether any descendants of his are now living, we do not know. But there can be no doubt that the first white man to fell the forest and make a home in this township was this pioneer who met his tragic fate one summer day a hundred and twenty-three years ago.

The next document relating to Peabody's Patent bears the date of 1791. It is a plan of the Patent, drawn from a survey made in that year. The land is divided into thirty-six ranges of about equal area. Three of these are undivided and nine are owned by a Mr. Garish, to whom the Bodwells had evidently sold their share of the tract. The remaining twenty-four ranges are assigned to five Peabodys: to Stephen, six; to Capt. Richard, one; to Richard, six; to Capt. John, seven; to John, four. It is evident that these are all non-resident land owners, and it may well be doubted if at this time—1791—there was a single settler in the Patent. The name of Garish does not appear among those of the incorporators or in the early records of the town of Gilead, and the first Peabody to settle here were Thomas—son of one of the original patentees—who came from Bridgton in 1798, and Jonathan who settled here at about the same time and who with his two sons, Oliver and Amos, was among the incorporators.

Deacon George W. Chapman in his interesting and valuable autobiographical sketch published in 1867 describes the early pioneer days in this region. "In February, 1791," he writes, "when I was eleven years old, my father journeyed to Bethel from Methuen, Mass., with two two-horse teams, with all his family and effects, passing through the towns of York, Gorham, Bridgton, Waterford and Albany. From the latter place there was no traveled road, and but one horse team had ever passed over the ground before; and that one, the same winter, but a short time previous. This route could not have been traversed in the summer, as we followed the low lands, ponds and streams, they being frozen and covered with snow. We found a few families settled along the south banks of the Androscoggin, in Bethel, all of whom came here on foot, and brought their effects on horseback, on hand sleds, or on their own backs. There were three families only on the north side of the river, at this time from Bethel to the New Hampshire line. * * * * *

My father went to Bethel the year before, and cleared up a few acres of land, put in some crops, and built a log house twenty feet square, all in one room, which constituted the domicile for his whole family for some time, when a partition was put up to make a sleeping room. This building we occupied four or five years, when we built a small frame house with two rooms. When I was twenty-one years of age I purchased a farm about four miles further up the river, in the town of Gilead, which I cleared and cultivated for three years, making my home at my father's. * * * We were pioneers in that country, and suffered many hardships, which people of to-day, in any part of the State of Maine, know nothing about by experience. There were no roads, making traveling very tedious and often dangerous, in crossing streams and rivers. We often had to go fifteen or twenty miles to mill, with ox

Continued on Page 8.

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WEST BETHEL.

All the Latest News from Our Neighbors.

Blueberries are quite plentiful. Few automobiles are used in this vicinity.

M. M. O'Reilly and wife returned home last week.

Corn has grown rapidly during the hot days of July.

Fred E. Murphy came home from South Paris Thursday.

No one has yet succeeded in inventing a machine which will do good work in milking cows.

Bugs are trying to destroy potato vines, and will soon succeed in doing so where poisons are not used.

Many who have usually been with us during the summer months, will this year spend their money in going to the World's Fair.

The rain on Monday made farmers rejoice; even those who had hay nearly dry in fields and meadows were not sorry to see it getting wet.

Elbridge Crooker of Bryant Pond, was in this village Saturday, selling flavoring extracts from house to house. He has many old friends here who are always glad to see him.

George W. Briggs of Albany, was in town Monday. He has the reputation of being a first-class butter maker, and finds a market here for all he can make from five cows.

Grass on lowlands is quite heavy and the crop is coming in much better than was at one time expected.

G. R. WILEY

asks the readers of this paper who are suffering with indigestion, or dyspepsia to call on him at once and get a bottle of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. If you knew the value of this remedy as we know it, you would not suffer another day. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a thorough digestant and tissue-building tonic as well. It is endorsed personally by hundreds of people whom it has cured of indigestion, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart and stomach troubles generally. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It is pleasant, palatable and strengthening.

NORTH WEST BETHEL.

The river drivers are clearing the logs from the islands. It is a hard time for driving as the water is so very low.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Carpenter of Massachusetts, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brown. Mr. Carpenter is in poor health, and all are hoping he may receive much benefit from a vacation spent among Maine's hills.

Mr. Len Sumner was up from Rumford for a brief stay recently. Mrs. Sumner and two children are visiting her sister, Mrs. Percy O'Brien in Albany.

Mrs. E. S. Skillings of Portland, is spending some weeks at her old home here.

Mrs. Amanda Walker has returned from her visit to Auburn and other places.

Mrs. D. Meeks, nee Sadie Kendall, of New Orleans, La., was the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Seth Mason, last week.

THE official tests by the Agricultural Department of the United States Government show the Royal to be a pure baking powder, superior to all others in leavening strength.

It therefore makes purer, more wholesome and economical food than any other baking powder or leavening agent.

Royal Baking Powder is more convenient for use than cream of tartar and soda and makes finer-flavored food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

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GILEAD.

On Tuesday of last week, the thermometer registered 110 at 1 p. m.

Haying is progressing fast, and the weather is all that could be desired.

The Rowe brothers left for their homes in Massachusetts Saturday.

Miss Lena Hicks of Massachusetts, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Helen Wight Scribner and children are staying with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wight.

The Mountain Hills held its last meeting with Mrs. S. M. Moore. The next meeting will be held with Mrs. Burbank.

Piles Upon Top of Piles.

Piles upon top of piles of people have the Piles, and DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures them. There are many different kinds of Piles, but if you get the genuine and original Witch Hazel Salve made by E. C. DeWitt & Co. of Chicago, a cure is certain. H. A. Tisdale, of Summerton, S. C., says, "I had piles 20 years and DeWitt's Salve cured me after everything else failed. Sold by G. R. Wiley."

GROVER HILL.

Dog days have begun lowery and warm.

Fred Wheeler is working for A. B. Grover.

Bion Browne has returned from down country, where he has been working.

Mr. Wheeler of Portland, whose father and family are at Mr. Peter Wheeler's, visits them Sundays.

The Carver family are living on Bethel Hill.

Mrs. A. W. Grover and daughter, Mrs. Grace Skillings, of Massachusetts, was at Freeland Bennett's recently.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescription from reputable physicians, as the damage they do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

NORTH ALBANY.

Mr. and Mrs. Town had the misfortune to lose their little boy eight years of age who died the 18th, after a short illness. The parents took the remains to Newburyport Mass., for interment.

Mr. Gale and daughter are visiting at Burr Brown's.

Mrs. Agnes Mason Fernald of Pennsylvania, is visiting her parents and friends in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Estes are visiting her brother, F. H. Bennett.

Abner Kimball and wife are rejoicing over the birth of a little girl.

Mrs. Hobart had a shock one day last week. She is quite comfortable.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

SOUTH PARIS NEWS.

Local and Personal Items From Our Shire Town.

Mrs. Harry Crockett of Bryant Pond, visited at Mr. Fred Chandler's Saturday.

Miss Sue Wheeler has returned from a visit to her brother Howard at Burlington, Vt.

Mr. Arthur Clark of Portland, spent Saturday and Sunday with his family here.

The Methodist picnic which was to have been held Saturday in Penley's grove, was postponed until Wednesday on account of cloudy weather.

Miss Alta Walker is working in her father's office.

Mrs. F. A. Pingree has gone to Biddeford, and from there she will go to Boston for a short visit.

Mr. J. K. Chase has moved his family into Mr. Edgar Barrows' house on Gothic street.

Miss Lettie Farrar of Auburn, who has been visiting her cousin, Miss Geneva Young, has returned home.

Blanche Dean of Gilead, visited Mrs. Rose Powers Sunday.

Harold Merrill is visiting in Bowdoinham.

Mrs. Wm. P. Morton is visiting her sister in Port Jervis, N. Y.

Mr. Harry L. Shaw and wife of New York, are spending a few weeks at the Andrews House.

A. W. Walker, wife and daughter Mertie are in St. Louis, where they will visit Mr. Walker's brother, Mr. Charles J. Walker.

Mr. Herbert Cole has finished working at the railroad station, and has gone to Aquasoc where he has a job with the R. F. & R. L. railway. His place was taken by Mr. Judson Fiffeld. Mr. Donald Bean has also finished as freight clerk, his place being taken by Mr. Wood.

Rev. J. H. Little of the Universalist church will exchange pulpits with Rev. Mr. Tenney of Auburn next Sunday.

Col. C. H. French gave two of his magnificently illustrated lectures at the Congregational church Monday and Tuesday evenings. The subjects were Switzerland and Japan.

Mr. Chas. Titcomb and Mr. Fred Evans have been camping out at Umbagog lake.

Mrs. Elmer Haggett visited in Berlin last Sunday.

Misses Luella and Amy Hayden of Haverhill, Mass., are visiting relatives here.

Miss Maude Lunt has returned from a visit to Farmington and North Turner.

Rev. H. A. Clifford has a class in German which meets twice a week.

Mr. Mark Richardson has secured a position as machinist at West Lynn, Mass.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This remedy is certain to be needed in almost every home before the summer is over. It can always be depended upon even in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is especially valuable for summer disorders in children. It is pleasant to take and never fails to give prompt relief. Why not try it now? It may save life.

For sale by G. R. Wiley, Bethel; E. L. Tebbets, Locke Mills; J. W. Bennett, Gilead; H. W. Dennison, West Bethel.

NEWRY.

Rev. Levi M. Powers, pastor of the First Universalist church, Buffalo, N. Y., will preach at Newry and North Newry Aug. 7. Mr. Powers is visiting his parents here.

Mrs. W. F. Small has returned from a visit in Portland.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas and daughter Hazel of Bethel, were at Frank Douglas' last Sunday.

Lyman York of Groveland, N. H., is visiting friends and relatives in town.

HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Bony Medicine for Bony People. Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor. A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Stagnant Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 25 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister's Tea Company, Madison, Wis. GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR BILLY PEOPLE

ALBANY—VALLEY ROAD.

Rhoda and Cella Millett of North Waterford, visited at G. E. Grover's last week.

Mrs. Ingraham of Bethel, is visiting at J. K. Wheeler's and W. I. Beckler's.

The L. R. T. Club met with Mrs. Dora Beckler recently.

Mrs. G. E. Grover was at North Waterford last Thursday.

Mrs. Lettie Loman was at her father's Sunday.

Claude Adams of Hyde Park, Mass., is at C. A. Grover's.

The Grover twins were in town recently.

Mr. Inman and wife have been spending a few days with Mrs. G. G. Beckler.

Henry Rugg and family are at C. H. Fernald's.

Mr. Newton Moore is very much improved in health.

Bessie Skinner celebrated her ninth birthday by visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Hastings Barker, at Bethel.

Cleve Brown and family came up from Norway last Saturday for a short visit.

Mr. Wellington Bird has finished haying on the homestead, and returned to Bryant Pond.

Mr. Amos Barnett went to East Stoneham to visit his parents last Thursday. He returned to Bryant Pond Saturday.

The L. R. T. Club will give an entertainment at the town house Friday evening, Aug. 5. All are cordially invited. Following is the program: Opening song, quotations debate, song, tableau—"Grandma's Spectacles"—music, reading by Auntie Deleful, dialogue—"Guests from Whittier land," tableau—"Pleasures of Home"—song—pantomime—"Home, Sweet Home," music, tableau, "Good Night."

Weak Hearts.

are caused by indigestion. If you eat a little too much, or if you are subject to attacks of indigestion, the stomach expands—swells and puffs up against the heart. This crowds the heart and shortens the breath. Rapid heart beats and heart disease is the result. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat, takes the strain off the heart, cures indigestion, dyspepsia, sour stomach, and contributes nourishment, strength and health to every organ of the body. Sold by G. R. Wiley.

The Woman Minister Here to Stay. The woman minister has come to stay in Congregationalism. While other denominations, like the Methodists and Episcopalians, refuse to ordain women, the Congregational denomination, in most sections of the country at least, seems willing to approve well qualified women or to extend to them the same opportunities in the Congregational ministry that are offered to worthy and well educated men. The divinity schools of the denomination admit women to their courses, and some of them, like Hartford Theological Seminary, make a specialty of the opportunities offered women.

And yet it is not likely that there will be such a pressure from the feminine side of the house into the ranks of the ministry as to crowd the men to the wall. Here and there a man of moderate ability may be set aside for a brilliant, attractive woman, but that would be his fate when he came into competition with a man possessing the same qualifications.

And at any rate, as in the case of the law and medicine, it will probably only be the occasional woman in coming years who will choose the ministry for her profession. But it seems certain that, provided they possess the desirable natural and acquired qualifications, women will be welcome in the Congregational ministry at least, and find an important work to do for their fellow men and women.—Boston Transcript.

Safeguard the Children.

Notwithstanding all that is done by boards of health and charitably inclined persons, the death rate among small children is very high during the hot weather of the summer months in the large cities. There is not probably one case of bowel complaint in a hundred, however that could not be cured by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

For sale by G. R. Wiley, Bethel; E. L. Tebbets, Locke Mills; J. W. Bennett, Gilead; H. W. Dennison, West Bethel.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

See How Light This Is!

Taste how good it is, learn how wholesome it is, and you have the whole thing in a nutshell—The reason why the world uses all the

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S

Gold Medal FLOUR

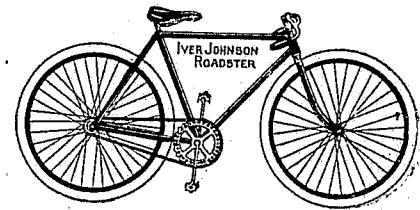
the Washburn-Crosby Mills can make Six Million barrels a year, and asks for more. Ask your dealer for WASHBURN-CROSBY'S GOLD MEDAL FLOUR. Send us the circular from a package of Gold Medal Flour and we will mail you the Gold Medal Cook Book—the manual of cookery.



Free to Housewives.

Cut out this advertisement and mail to us with name of your grocer and we will send you free of charge one of our GOLD MEDAL COOK BOOKS, containing 1000 carefully prepared receipts. If your dealer does not handle Gold Medal Flour, please mention it in your letter. Address BROWN & JOSSELYN, Portland, Maine.

BICYCLES Sold, Let and Repaired.



EDWARD KING, Main Street, Bethel, Me.

The Smart Set

A Magazine of Cleverness

Magazines should have a well-defined purpose. Genuine entertainment, amusement and mental recreation are the motives of *The Smart Set*, the

MOST SUCCESSFUL OF MAGAZINES

Its novels (a complete one in each number) are by the most brilliant authors of both hemispheres.

Its short stories are matchless—clean and full of human interest.

Its poetry covers the entire field of verse—pathos, love, humor, tenderness—is by the most popular poets, men and women, of the day.

Its jokes, witticisms, sketches, etc., are admittedly the most mirth-provoking.

160 PAGES DELIGHTFUL READING

No pages are wasted on cheap illustrations, editorial vamping or wearying essays and idle discussions.

Ever page will interest, charm and refresh you.

Subscribe now—\$2.50 per year. Remit in cheque, P. O. or Express order, or registered letter to THE SMART SET, 452 FIFTH AVENUE, New York.

N. B.—SAMPLE COPIES SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

Crawford Cooking-Ranges

HAVE WON THE LEAD BECAUSE OF

The Single Damper (patented) which prevents the difficulty and confusion of two-damper ranges;

Extra Large Oven with asbestos-lined back and heat-saving cup-joint flues;

Improved Dock-Ash Grate, which makes a better fire and saves fuel;

Removable Nickel Rails, which save half the trouble of blacking;

Together with the Simmering Cover, extra large Ash Pan, etc., etc.

If there is no agent in your town we will send a "Crawford" on 30 days' trial.

WALKER & PRATT MFG. CO., 31-35 Union Street, Boston, Mass.

1000 Dyspeptics to 1 Drunkard

In civilized society there are one thousand dyspeptics to one drunkard. This host would be cut off at once if only pure, cleanly, nourishing food were eaten. Dyspeptics are made by the use of impure, uncooked, improperly prepared foods.

DR. PRICE'S WHEAT FLAKE CELERY FOOD

is absolutely pure, clean and contains only the necessary substances that the system demands for strength, health and comfort. Carefully and conscientiously prepared by a physician and chemist of forty years' experience.

Palatable—Nutritious—Easy of Digestion and Ready to Eat

My signature on every package.
Dr. J. C. Price

Dr. Price, the creator of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and Delicious Flavoring Extracts.

Prepared by PRICE CEREAL FOOD CO., Food Mills, BATTLE CREEK, MICH., Main Offices, CHICAGO.
For Sale by C. A. LUCAS, BETHEL, MAINE.

INDIANS AS CUSTOMERS.

More Particular About Their Clothing Than Their Food.

Mrs. J. I. White is from Porter, I. T., where her husband runs a store. Porter is a brand new town, and is now in the boom state. There are a great many Indians about Porter, and they are the store's best customers.

When Mr. White went to the Territory, he supposed the Indians would demand as low priced goods as it is possible to sell, but found out that the redskins were not just as he sized them up. The Indians want the sportiest things on the market. They turn up their noses at cheap clothes, and want loud colors and costly garbs. When Christmas came it was natural to suppose that the Indians would also want costly sweets as well as costly clothes, and Mr. White was surprised to find that the Indians passed up the high priced candies and bought the cheapest kind possible. The most they could get for the money was the kind they wanted. The Indians argued that they ate the candy, and no one saw it, but with the clothing it was different, as every one saw the clothes they wore. The red man is much more particular what he puts on his back than what he puts in his stomach.—Emporia (Kan.) Gazette.

Axles Were Whiskey Kegs.

An entirely new scheme of whiskey peddling has just been discovered in the Indian Territory, and it seems to have been going on for months. The officers of the district northwest of Herbert have known for some time that whiskey was being sold to various parties, but not until yesterday were the peddlers caught. They had travelled around the country in an old wagon drawn by a poor span of Indian ponies and were, presumably, buying eggs and poultry. They would sell small bottles of liquor to farmers and Indians through the neighborhood, and \$1 a pint was the usual price. The officers discovered that both axles of the old wagon were of iron and very large. These axles were hollow and would hold about four gallons each. The peddlers would remove a small bolt and insert a pump and draw the desired amount of whiskey. One of the peddlers admits having sold whiskey in this way for five months, and has made enough money to buy a farm in Texas. He says he will serve his time in jail and then buy a farm.—Topeka Capital.

The Paradise of Convicts.

Spain's criminal settlement in the Zafarinas islands is said to be quite a paradise of convicts. Their liberty is restricted only so far that they must not leave the islands and must return at night to prison unless they obtain leave of absence for the night. At 6 o'clock in the morning the convicts leave the prison. Some do a little work, but the majority go straight to the various wineries and hostels, where they pass the day drinking, singing, and occasionally breaking the monotony of life with a little knife-fighting for each respectable prisoner carries his "faca" (knife) day and night with him. This idyllic state of things appears less strange if one considers that the prison wardens—the "capatares"—are the liquor sellers of the islands, and that a good deal of illicit trading is carried on in these places of resort, the prisoners buying revolvers, ammunition, house-breakers' tools and similar articles.

Odd Remarks of Doomed Men.

In the New Zealand Medical Journal appears this story: On walking to the scaffold in solemn procession a criminal once called to the governor of the prison: "Just oblige me, guv'nor, by telling me the day of the week." "Monday," answered the surprised governor. "Monday," exclaimed the prisoner in disgusted tones; "well, this 'ere's a fine way of beginning a week, ain't it?" And he marched on with dissatisfaction imprinted on every line of his face. On another occasion an officious hangman whispered as he placed the white cap on his victim's head: "If there's anything you'd like to ask me I'll be pleased to answer." The victim craned his neck forward and said in an equally low, but very much more anxious voice: "You might tell me, is—is this scaffold safe?"

Grateful Praise

Made Him Feel Better than he had felt in Ten Years
"Allow me to write you these few lines to let you know that I have taken one bottle of your 'L. F.' Bitters for my blood, and am pleased to say that I am feeling now as I have not felt for a long time. In fact, ten years. I am recommending your 'L. F.' Bitters to all my friends and telling them what good it has done for me. You may use my name if you wish."—Alfred J. Poirer, Fairfield, Maine

The True "L. F." Atwood's Bitters Cleanse the System and Purify the Blood

One Lady's Recommendation Sold Fifty Boxes of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

I have, I believe, sold fifty boxes of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets on the recommendation of one lady here, who first bought a box of them about a year ago. She never tires of telling her neighbors and friends about the good qualities of these Tablets.—P. M. SHORE, Druggist, Rochester, Ind. The pleasant purgative effect of these Tablets makes them a favorite with ladies everywhere. For sale by G. R. Wiley, Bethel; E. L. Tebbets, Locke Mills; J. W. Bennett, Gilead; H. W. Dennison, West Bethel.

A Town Without Town Officers.

Spokane, a town in the western part of the Creek nation, is the only town of 1,000 population in the territory that has no town officers. The people there say they have no need of officers, and do not want any. They pay no taxes, and whenever they want any public improvement they call a meeting of citizens and raise the money. A deputy United States Marshal is located there, and is all that is needed to keep the peace. There is not a gambler or gambling house in the town, and the people will not permit them. They needed a schoolhouse, so the people got together and built a good two-story building for that purpose.—Fort Worth Record.

Bashful Kentuckians.

Four newly married couples occupied quarters at the Willard Hotel last night. Two of the couples are registered as follows: J. G. Mosgrove, P. H. Mosgrove, Mrs. P. H. Mosgrove, Mrs. J. G. Mosgrove. The two gentlemen signed their names on the book. Then they smiled the smile that would not wear off. "You say it, John," said Pete. "No, you say it," responded John. "Well, Mr. Clerk," said John, mustering up a lot of courage and looking wonderfully embarrassed, "we have a couple of ladies with us."

"Very well," said Clerk Brown. "You just sign the names," and he signed them as above. "Gentlemen 321, and ladies 322," said Mr. Brown, with supreme innocence. The gentlemen assented once more and then went to their rooms. Then Mr. Brown thought and he sent the bell boy up to find out. "Yes, Mr. Brown," said the bell boy, "they just got married."

The assignment of rooms was changed to suit the occasion.—Louisville Herald.

Indigestion Causes Catarrh of the Stomach.

For many years it has been supposed that Catarrh of the Stomach causes indigestion and dyspepsia, but the truth is exactly the opposite. Indigestion causes catarrh. Repeated attacks of indigestion inflame the mucous membranes lining the stomach and exposes the glands to secrete mucus instead of the juices of natural digestion. This is called Catarrh of the Stomach.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

relieves all inflammation of the mucous membranes lining the stomach, protects the nerves, and cures bad breath, sour risings, a sense of fullness after eating, indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. Kodol Digests What You Eat. Make the Stomach Sweet. Bottles only. Regular size, \$1.00, holding 2 1/4 times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents. Prepared by E. O. Dewitt & Co., Chicago, Ill. For Sale by G. R. Wiley, Bethel, Me.

THE CRUCIAL MOMENT.

The Fly in the Ointment of the Lady Content.

Some years ago a prominent English bishop paid a visit to America. He was entertained by the wealthy families of his church wherever he went, and very much honored a cultured lady of Boston by accepting her invitation to make his home at her house during his stay in that city. She was naturally exultant at her success in getting this religious lion, and sought anxiously to make his stay most pleasant. In England bishops are styled "My Lord," and this fact stood uppermost in the lady's mind. Every one in the family was carefully drilled as to their mode of address, and all fell into line except a page, a boy of exemplary industry and disposition, but possessed of a most grievous weakness—he would twist and ravel up a message in a very provoking manner, and for this reason he was the fly in the ointment of the lady's content. It was inevitable that the boy must, at some time, accost the Bishop and that he would make a bull of it seemed a certainty.

Then began a most careful drilling. The boy was coached for days before the advent of the Bishop until it really seemed that he had mastered the problem. He tried hard, and would be seen approaching a post with the most reverent demeanor several times in a day, and gravely address it as "My Lord."

The crucial moment arrived when it was necessary to send the boy up to the Bishop's room the morning after his arrival, to inquire if he wanted anything. The boy had been through a most drastic drill the night previous, and he had repeated his query, "The boy, my Lord," which was to be his reply to the Bishop.

Early the next morning the Bishop was awakened by a tremulous knock at his door. "Who is it?" he asked. "The Lord, my boy,"—Ireland's Own.

Knew His Rights. The two newboys had quarrelled over the possession of a cent, of which the smaller boy insisted he had been defrauded.

They proceeded to fistfights and the smaller boy was whipped. "You licked me all right," he said, wiping his bloody nose on his ragged shirt sleeve, "but I'll fight ye again if we don't furk over 2 cents o' dat money."

"What fur?" demanded the other boy. "Doggone ye, I got a right to claim de loser's end o' de purse, hain't I?"—Chicago Tribune.

Due Later. "Has my wife alluded to me as a buried treasure yet?" queried the man who had materialized at the seance.

"No," replied the medium, "she hasn't yet found her second husband."—Chicago News.

It Was a Success. A young lady who engages largely in church and mission work was recently the loving spirit in some amateur theatricals which were got up in the interest of a deserving local charity. The entertainment was billed and the performance was duly given. But somehow or other no notice was taken of it in the local newspapers.

A few days later a friend met the young lady in question, when the conversation turned to the theatricals. "Was the entertainment a success?" "I should think it was," replied the lady, with a smile. "Why, we got over \$100."

"Is that so?" said the friend. "Then you must have had a large audience?" "Well, no," she replied. "We only took \$1.50 at the door, but father gave us a check for \$100 if we would promise never to do it again."—St. Joseph Evening Press.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. *Charles H. Littlejohn*

YOUTH SHATTERED THEORIES.

It Doesn't Pay to Ask a Boy Too Many Questions.

In the days when board schools were young, a visit was paid to one of those schools by a local dignitary who had theories on the subject of Scripture lessons. He requested the head master to pick out a particularly dull boy and let him ask that had a few questions. Whereupon the following dialogue ensued:

"Now, my boy, what do you understand by a miracle?"

Boy, looking helplessly at visitor, makes no answer.

Visitor (triumphantly, to head master): "You see, it's as I've always maintained, Scripture must be explained and illustrated if any comprehension of its meaning is to penetrate this sort of skull. He can't tell me what a miracle is. Now, hear me make him understand."

Head master (with sarcastic incredulity): "If you do, sir, you'll have wrought a miracle yourself. I haven't a duller boy in the school. If you'd question some of the others—"

Visitor: "No, no; I'll show you what I can do with this one by using common-sense methods. Now, my boy, pay attention to me. You don't know what a miracle is, eh?"

Boy listens to him silently.

Boy (after a moment): "Suppose you got up in the middle of the night and saw the sun shining; what should you say it was?"

Boy (promptly): "I should say it was the moon."

Visitor (argumentatively): "But you couldn't, you know, if you saw it was the sun."

Boy (doggedly): "I should see it wasn't."

Visitor (recovering from a disconcerted pause): "But suppose some one told you that it was the sun?"

Boy (emphatically): "I should say he was a liar."

Visitor (angry at such persistent stupidity): "But suppose I told you that it was really the sun. You wouldn't dare to tell me that I was a liar, would you?"

Boy hesitates a moment; then, in accents of conviction, "I should say you was werry drunk."—Tit-Bits.

Cured of Chronic Diarrhoea After Ten Years of Suffering.

"I wish to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mrs. Mattie Burge, Martinsville, Va. "I suffered from chronic diarrhoea for ten years and during that time tried various medicines without obtaining any permanent relief. Last summer one of my children was taken with cholera morbus, and I procured a bottle of this remedy. Only two doses were required to give her entire relief. I then decided to try the medicine myself, and did not use all of one bottle before I was well and I have never since been troubled with that complaint. One cannot say too much in favor of that wonderful medicine." This remedy is for sale by G. R. Wiley, Bethel; E. L. Tebbets, Locke Mills; J. W. Bennett, Gilead; H. W. Dennison, West Bethel.

A Cafe. "Were you ill enough to have a consultation of doctors?" "A good deal worse than that, old man. I had a consultation of my creditors."—Life.

His Friends. Hawkins—I have lost all; not a thing remains. Robbins—But think of your friends. Hawkins—That's so, it's pretty hard on them, too.—Town Topics.

PAINTS!

Pure Lead and Oil,
Devoe's Pure Lead and Zinc,
Prepared Paints,
Varnishes, Colors, Brushes,

In fact, everything needed for all classes of Painting.

1904—SPRING PATTERNS.—1904
Wall Paper and Window Shades.

I have made a careful selection of the best patterns, and shall be pleased to show you the goods.

Wiley's Drug Store
BETHEL, MAINE.

ATTENTION!

AT THE STORE OF
C. A. LUCAS,

There may be found one of the choicest lines of

Crisp Green Stuffs and Fruits
in the village, and a full line of
STAPLE GROCERIES.

This store is also the place to buy

.. FANCY CRACKERS ..
As over Fifty kinds are always on hand.

STRAWBERRIES EVERY DAY.
A Full Line of HAZEN'S CANDIES.

The Home Bakery furnishes everything in the Bread and Pastry line.

C. A. LUCAS, BETHEL, ME.

IRA C. JORDAN,

Dealer in

General Merchandise and
GRAIN,

BETHEL, MAINE.

Ayer's Pills

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use Ayer's Pills.

WANT COLUMN.

Apprentices.
Fifteen young men wanted to learn the trade of moulder or core-maker in one of the best foundries in New England. Should be between sixteen and twenty-two years of age, temperate and honest. Yankees preferred. These are among the best paid trades, and we offer special inducements at this time to boys of the right stamp.

REED-FOUNDRY CO.,
1w9 Worcester, Mass.

Wanted.
Thoroughly experienced man wants situation in dry goods, or general store. Good references. Address, Box 10, Gorham, Maine. 3w9

Hay.
I have about eight acres of hay surrounding my house which I should like to have cut on shares. J. G. GEHRING.

Farm for Sale.
A nice farm situated in Lewiston within three miles of the city, on electric road; fifty acres of land, about equally divided as to pasture and tillage land; has thirty or forty fruit trees; a spring of pure water near house, also nice well water, excellent set of farm buildings including large hen-house; new; cellar under house, ell and stable; excellent land to cultivate, and cuts twenty-five tons of hay; early land, and excellent markets for vegetables, berries and all farm produce; never failing brook runs through the pasture. Will sell at a bargain and on easy terms. For particulars inquire of, or address,

E. C. BOWLER,
Bethel, Maine.

Lost.
On Wednesday evening between my shop and the residence of W. L. Chapman, one green plush lap robe. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving same with me.

A. C. FROST.

Wanted.
Teachers for graded and ungraded schools. Write to THE MAINE TEACHERS' AGENCY, Bethel, Maine.

WANTED—American women
between 18 and 30 years of age to work as attendants in the Medfield Insane Asylum at Medfield Junction, Mass., 20 miles from Boston. Wages increase with length of service. An opportunity to become a trained nurse. Address, DR. EDWARD FRENCH, Medfield, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED, AT LIBERAL COMMISSION
To introduce and sell "Sunshine," the best furniture polish in the world. It sells on sight. You can make money this winter. For particulars write, OREN HOOPER'S SONS, Portland, Me.

For Sale or To Let.
Riverside Cottage formerly occupied by Amos King. Apply to C. C. BRYANT, Bethel, Me.

Farm for Sale.
Farm of 120 acres situated in Hanover and well divided as to tillage, pasture and wood land. Two-story house of ten rooms, large ell and good barn with cellar under same. Good running water in house and barn. For particulars inquire of M. J. Swain on premises.

Phonograph for Sale.
One Edison Home Phonograph and outfit, consisting of two large horns (one brass and one silk finish), and 117 records with case. Will sell on reasonable terms. Apply to Frank Heath, Mechanic St., Bethel, or Walter E. Clark, Gilead. 7w3

Notice.
I wish to give notice that I have hired the Blacksmith Shop of J. C. Billings and am prepared to do Horse Shoeing and Jobbing; have had large practice in city work. Call and see me.

L. E. BATES, Bethel, Me.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. *E. H. Linn* on every box 25c.
Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months.

Ayer's Pills

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

WANT COLUMN.

Apprentices.

Fifteen young men wanted to learn the trade of moulder or core-maker in one of the best foundries in New England. Should be between sixteen and twenty-two years of age, temperate and honest. Yankees preferred. These are among the best paid trades, and we offer special inducements at this time to boys of the right stamp.

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J. G. GEHRING.

Farm for Sale.

A nice farm situated in Lewiston within three miles of the city, on electric road; fifty acres of land, about equally divided as to pasture and tillage land; has thirty or forty fruit trees; a spring of pure water near house, also nice well water, excellent set of farm buildings including large hen-house; new; cellar under house, oil and stable; excellent land to cultivate, and cuts twenty-five tons of hay; early land, and excellent markets for vegetables, berries and all farm produce; never failing brook runs through the pasture. Will sell at a bargain and on easy terms. For particulars inquire of, or address,

E. C. BOWLER,
Bethel, Maine.

Lost.

On Wednesday evening between my shop and the residence of W. L. Chapman, one green plush lap robe. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving same with me.

A. C. FROST.

Wanted.

Teachers for graded and ungraded schools. Write to
THE MAINE TEACHERS' AGENCY,
Bethel, Maine.

WANTED—American women between 18 and 30 years of age to work as attendants in the Medfield Insane Asylum at Medfield Junction, Mass., 20 miles from Boston. Wages increase with length of service. An opportunity to become a trained nurse. Address,
Dr. EDWARD FRENCH,
Medfield, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED, AT LIBERAL COMMISSION

To introduce and sell "Sunshine," the best furniture polish in the world. It sells on sight. You can make money this winter. For particulars write,
OREN HOOPER'S SONS,
Portland, Me.

For Sale or To Let.

Riverside Cottage formerly occupied by Amos King.
Apply to
C. C. BRYANT,
Bethel, Me.

Farm for Sale.

Farm of 120 acres situated in Hanover and well divided as to tillage, pasture and wood land. Two-story, house of ten rooms, large oil and good barn with cellar under same. Good running water in house and barn. For particulars inquire of M. J. Swain on premises.

Phonograph for Sale.

One Edison Home Phonograph and outfit, consisting of two large horns (one brass and one silk finish) and 117 records with case. Will sell on reasonable terms. Apply to Frank Heath, Mechanic St., Bethel, or Walter E. Clark, Gilead.

Notice.

I wish to give notice that I have hired the Blacksmith Shop of J. C. Billings and am prepared to do Horse Shoeing and Jobbing; have had large practice in city work. Call and see me.

L. E. BATES, Bethel, Me.

WIT AND WISDOM.

Chicago is the only city in the world that furnishes a platoon of police in the funeral procession of its most obscure citizen.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on every box.

Cuba's idea of reciprocity is apparently to throw the hooks into Uncle Sam at every opportunity.

The pill that will, will fill the bill, Without a gripe.
To cleanse the liver, without a quiver,
Take one at night.

Dowie announces that he will return to this world in one hundred years. He need not hurry on our account.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are small, easy to take, easy and gentle in effect, yet they are so certain in results that no one who uses them is disappointed. For quick relief from biliousness, sick headache, torpid liver, jaundice, dizziness and all troubles arising from an inactive, sluggish liver, Early Risers are unequalled. Sold by G. R. Wiley.

The lot of a stranger in Chicago is not a happy one. The hotel rates are so high that he cannot live, and the mobs will get him if he dies.

Mary had a little lad
Whose face was fair to see,
Because each night he had a drink
Of Rocky Mountain Tea.

G. R. Wiley.

It is announced that a Delaware railroad company proposes to build a double track. Did not suppose there was room.

The Keeley Institute in Portland, Maine, on Munjoy Hill, is successfully curing drunkards and drug users.

Ever day that you let pass without accomplishing some good deed brings you that much in debt.

This will Interest You

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Summer Bowel Troubles, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy Worms. THEY NEVER FAIL. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

Some men are better than others just because they have not had the same chance to be mean.

Have you read that interesting magazine, The Smart Set?

The worst proportioned man living is the one whose lungs are out of proportion with his brains.

Don't Get Footsore! Get Allen's Foot-Paste.

A wonderful powder that cures tired, aching, sweating feet and makes new, or tight shoes easy. Ask for Allen's Foot-Paste. Accept no substitute. Trial package FREE. Address, A. S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

The man who expects to get something for nothing usually gets nothing for something.

Constipation, headache, backache, feel mean no, appetite, all run down. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well and keep you well. Money back, if it fails. 35 cents. Tea or tablet form.

G. R. Wiley.

Your daily duties are a part of your religious life just as much as your devotions.

Many Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure Feverishness, Headache, Summer Bowel Disorders, Teething Disorders, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

The Smart Set magazine will entertain you.

APPEARANCES.

They Have Much to Do With Woman's Success in Business.

I once heard a business man say that the best secretary he ever had he selected wholly from her appearance. Thirty women came in one rainy day to answer an advertisement. Twenty looked dejected and sloppy, and ten of the twenty had forgotten their umbrellas or overshoes. Five were overdressed and had come in cabs. Four were silly, giggling little girls of fifteen or so, and one came freshly groomed, tailor made, with crisp linen, stout boots, neat umbrella and hair dressed for windy, rainy weather. He selected the last without recommendation, and found her just what he had judged from appearance—a good worker and a wise associate. Of course, some one of the dejected, wet and tired girls might by chance have "panned out" an ideal worker with a few days' rest and a few weeks' salary for fresh clothes. Ability and real merit is often lost in the misery that comes from exhaustion and failure and fear. But the business man does not know these things. He is not blessed with second sight. He gets his decision from experience, not from prophetic visions, and he does know that more than half the time the girl who looks careless is careless.—Woman's Home Companion.

Korean Women's Dress.

In his new book on Korea Angus Hamilton thus describes the costume of Korean women: "The upper garment consists of an apology for a zouave jacket in white or cream material, which may be of silk lawn, lawn or calico. A few inches below this begins a white petticoat, baggy as a sail, touching the ground upon all sides, and attached to a broad band. Between the two there is nothing except the bare skin, the breasts being fully exposed. It is not an agreeable spectacle, as the women seen abroad are usually aged or infirm. At all times, as if to emphasize their fading charms, they wear the chang-ot, a thin green silk cloak, almost peculiar to the capital and used by the women to veil their faces in passing through the public streets. Upon the sight of man they clutch it beneath the eyes. The neck of the garment is pulled over the head of the wearer and the long, wide sleeves fall from her ears. The effect of the contrast between the hidden face and the naked breast is ludicrous."

Dowry of Daughters in England.

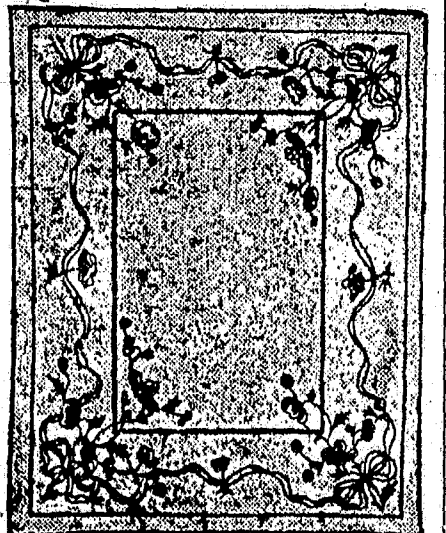
The dowry of daughters appears to have become a burning problem in England, where the ever-growing surplus of women continually increase the difficulty of finding a means of livelihood for girls who either from choice, or chance are thrown upon their own resources. The hopeless outlook of the spinster is a social problem which cries out for solution, and even for the married woman a dowry is thought to be almost equally necessary. Without it the wife is in the position of a hireling dependent entirely upon the generosity of her husband. How the problem is to be solved is another matter, and a London paper urges that the subject be constantly discussed, that it be made the motive of novels, plays, sermons, lectures on economics, etc., that it be talked about not occasionally, but all the time, until some remedy is found for what is a social blot on the country.

Courting a Girl in Spain.

Courting in Spain is conducted on principles that might almost be described as unique. The Spanish girl of any attraction is almost always attended by a young man who is known as her novio, and who has the privilege of squiring her on her walks, although by a singular anomaly no formal engagement exists. So long as this state of things continues the young lady has to be loyal and obedient to her gallant. But he may cease his attentions at any time and openly transfer his attentions to some other lady. Although the advantage of such a custom are all on the side of the male, very few Spanish girls would care to be without a novio, however feeble.—From the London Globe.

Embroidered Bedspreads.

Bedspreads of linen embroidered in floral patterns and further embellished by hemstitching are well liked by many housewives and give special scope for the display of needle skill, as the pattern may be as simple or as ornate as the embroiderer elects. In the accompanying design the poppy is



the flower chosen for exploitation and executed in the most careful manner. It makes a most effective decoration. Embroidery on a bedspread of linen is always carried out in self color, and therefore some distinctive design is usually chosen.

COMMON ORCHARD INSECTS.

Description and Method of Removing From Infested Trees.

The Ohio Experiment Station is receiving from all parts of that state twigs of fruit trees infested with one or the other of the three following scale insects:

1. The oyster-shell scale: This is a reddish or grayish brown scale, about an eighth of an inch in length, pointed at one end and curved in shape, suggesting a minute, elongated oyster shell. Its winter form is a hard scale, covering and protecting a number of minute, white eggs. These eggs hatch during the fore part of June, and the yellowish young crawl about for a few days and then fix themselves by inserting their beaks in the bark and begin sucking the sap. At this time they may be destroyed by spraying with kerosene emulsion, the formula for which is given in the station spray calendars, which are sent free on application.

Experiments made by the Canada experiment farms have shown that this scale may also be controlled by the use of lime with water at the rate of one or two pounds of lime to the gallon of water. This should be done as early in the winter as possible. The lime loosens the scales, after which the rain removes them and destroys the eggs.

2. The scurfy scale: This insect is somewhat smaller than the oyster-shell scale, and is more nearly round in shape. It is more conspicuous, because of its white color. Its habits and the means for its control are similar to those of the oyster-shell scale.

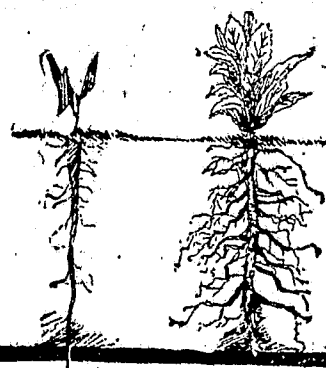
Neither of these scales is likely to cause much injury in orchards which are thoroughly sprayed with Bordeaux mixture.

3. The San Jose scale: This scale is much smaller than either of the others named. It is nearly round in shape, at first white but later dark gray in color, and is easily recognized by a minute, central nipple, which is lighter colored, often yellow. To identify this scale a small magnifying glass is necessary.

This insect is far more destructive than either of the others named. Its appearance in the orchard means the eventual destruction of the orchard unless vigorous treatment is adopted. The best method of treatment yet discovered is the lime-sulphur-salt spray.—Ohio Station Press Bulletin.

To Regulate Plant Growth.

Agriculturalists have discovered recently that the quality and size of certain plants and vegetables are improved by several transplantings. In this work, however, it is difficult to take up the roots at such a depth as not to disturb and hinder the growth of the leaves, owing to the great length to which the roots enter the earth. With the aid of the device shown in the picture this operation can now be performed to much better advantage. The idea is to insert a metallic openmesh fabric in the earth beneath the seed, the preferred manner of working being to lay a strip of the screen in the bottom of a long trench, covering it several inches deep with



earth, and then planting the seed in the ordinary manner. As the tap, or main root, descends from the seed it will strive to pass through the fine mesh of the screen, but will be choked, causing branch roots to spread out laterally above the screen. The plant whose tap root has just reached the screen and one which has been choked off and forced to send out branch roots are shown in the drawing.

This regulator is the idea of Edmund E. Risien of San Saba, Tex.

Two Pretty Fall Flowers.

The caryopteris or blue spiraea is a pretty autumn-blooming shrubby plant, producing clusters of beautiful, fragrant flowers in great profusion from September until frost. It dies to the ground in winter.

The salpiglossis is a very showy bedding or border plant with richly colored erect, funnel-shaped flowers, which are purple, scarlet, crimson, yellow, buff, blue and almost black, beautifully marbled and pencilled. The seed should now be sown indoors or outdoors later in spring. The flowers are useful for cutting and bloom from August to October. The plants are half-hardy annual and grow from one and a half to two feet high when well-tended.

The Apple Aphid.

The apple aphid differs from some other forms of plant lice in that it lives on the apple trees during the whole season. Whale oil soap used early before the leaves begin to come out is one of the best remedies. Two pounds of tobacco stems boiled in one gallon of water is also effective, if properly applied. The woolly aphid is, extremely difficult to dislodge, and for this reason it requires a strong, coarse spray with considerable power behind it. This manner of applying the spray is not so wasteful because the woolly and larger limbs. One pound of laundry soap to eight gallons of water is aphid is generally found on the trunks effective.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HAYING TOOLS.

Henceforth we shall make a specialty of Farm Machinery Supplies.

WORCESTER BUCKEYE, ADRIANCE BUCKEYE, WOOD, OSBORNE, McCORMICK, AND DEERING Machines 5c. each

Pitman Rods. Pitman Boxes, Pitman Heads. Split Links, Springs, Bolts, Guard Fingers, Guard Plates, etc. for all these machines. Rake Teeth and Bolts.—In fact, supplies of every kind and nature for all rakes and mowers; Also

Scythes, Snaths, Forks, Rakes, Stones, Hay Forks, Hay Carriers, Etc., Etc.

Repairs of all Kinds of Farming Machinery constantly on hand. PRICES RIGHT.

Hastings Brothers, Bethel, Me.

To the Public.

I desire to inform the public that I have purchased the CALVIN BISBEE STORE, in Bethel, and shall continue the same line of business as was carried on by Mr. Bisbee. I assure all that I shall endeavor to maintain the reputation of this store as far as is possible for me to do so, and I earnestly invite my share of the public trade.

Clarence K. Fox, Bethel, Me.

A SIRE OF SPEED, SURE.

DECORATE

A Handsome Black Stallion, standing 16 hands and weighing 1160 pounds Owned by W. J. Wheeler, So. Paris and J. B. Robinson, Oxford.

DECORATE is called by all who have seen him one of the best individuals that ever stood in service in Maine, but look at his breeding.

He was sired by Dare Devil, a son of Mambrino King, known as the handsomest horse in the world, but that is not all. His dam was Jewel, by Almont Jr., and she is the dam of five foals, with records and trials from 2.10½ to 2.20, including Lord March 2.11½, Diamond King 2.19¼, and Point Dexter 2.21½. With a dam like Jewel, Decorate cannot fail to become great. He is the handsomest horse to-day that stands in the State of Maine. Visitors always welcome, at my stable in South Paris village, where he will make the season of 1904. Term, \$25. All mares at owners' risk. Send for tabulated pedigree.

W. J. WHEELER,

South Paris,

Maine.

We are not doing much Boasting

About Our Lines of

Summer Wrappers, Shirtwaists,

Underwear, Hosiery, Boots and Shoes.

Our innate modesty restrains us. We prefer to keep quiet and let the goods recommend themselves. The public are cordially invited to call and interview them. The interviewing doesn't cost anything, and it doesn't cost much to buy the goods.

G. P. BEAN,

HONEST CORNER
Junction of Church and Main Streets, Bethel, Maine

J. C. BOUCHARD COMPANY

RECEIVERS,
WHOLESALE OR ON COMMISSION.

Dealer in Fruits and Farm Produce, Butter, Eggs, Apples, Potatoes, Cheese, Poultry, Maple Sugar. Will exchange Barrels by carloads for Apples.

182 LIGHT STREET,

BERLIN, N. H.

Disease takes no summer vacation.
If you need flesh and strength use

Scott's Emulsion
summer as in winter.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

Prof. A. J. Roberts' Address.
CONTINUED FROM PAGE FOUR.

teams. Portland, seventy miles distant, was the nearest market to sell our produce, and buy our supplies, such as salt, tea, molasses, cotton goods, furniture, lime, etc., requiring four days' travel, and expenses on the road, which made the avails of a loaded team very small before we arrived home. The country was infested with bears, and many an exciting story might be told concerning them. Previous to our going there, serious conflicts had taken place with the Indians, and some were struggling about the region for many years. Sometimes the people were greatly alarmed by the report of a gun, or other cause, but no injury was actually done by them after we went there."

In 1800 there were settled in Peabody's Patent twelve or fifteen families. According to the census of that year the population was sixty-eight. In 1804 the number of families had increased to twenty, and the need of highways and bridges and schools began to be imperative. The incorporation of the plantation into a town was necessary to enable its inhabitants to raise money for these various community uses. The following petition was presented to the Legislature of Massachusetts in 1804:

To the honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled. We your petitioners, inhabitants of Peabody's Patent respectfully represent. That the Proprietors of sd Patent were not obliged by the conditions of their Grant to build a House for public worship nor settle a Minister nor make or maintain any Public Road through sd Patent, and we at present are destitute of all those Privileges as also of the means of raising Money for the support of Schools for the Education of our Children which we view of the highest importance not only to ourselves but the Community at large. The number of our inhabitants does not exceed twenty families which extending from one extremity of this Plantation to the other renders it indispensable necessary that a road be made and maintained on each side of the Androscoggin River not only for our own convenience but for the Accommodation of People who are settled above us on sd River and have no possibility of getting to Sea Port but by passing through this Plantation. Another Consideration which calls for our attention to the Roads is to encourage the Travel from New Hampshire. The Legislature of that State have caused a road to be made at a great expense from upper Coos on Connecticut River which leading towards Portland passes through New Hampshire and arrives at the District of Maine at the Western Line of this Plantation At which place they find their Travel totally impeded and their designs frustrated which occasions very loud and just complaints which under our present disorganized situation we are incapable of alleviating. Sd Road in passing through this Plantation will necessarily pass a very rapid Stream called Wild River which at certain seasons of the year rushes from the Mountains with such impetuosity as to render it impossible in any manner whatever. A bridge must of course be erected over sd River at an expense that will for several years require the united efforts of the Inhabitants and Nonresident Proprietors to accomplish. Under our numerous embarrassments we are induced to address the Honourable Legislature and lay before them our grievances

with a pleasing hope that they in their Wisdom will think fit to grant that this Plantation may be incorporated into a Town by the name of Gilead agreeably to the Plan herewith annexed with all the rights and privileges which other Incorporated Towns in this Commonwealth enjoy and with the Indulgence of being exempted from State and County Taxes for the term of eight years, after that with the smiles of Providence and our own exertions we shall be enabled in a good measure to discharge our heavy burdens and that our Population will increase to a degree that will enable us to contribute our share towards the support of Government. And your petitioners as in Duty bound shall ever pray.

Thomas Peabody
Joseph Lary
Joseph Lary Jr
Jonathan Peabody
Oliver Peabody
Stephen Messer
James Messer
Amos Peabody
Stephen Coffin Jun
Isaac Adams
Joseph Blodgett
Samuel Wheeler
Samuel Goodenough
James Davison
Michael Connor
David Bradley
John Bennet
Jonathan Blodgett
Eliphalet Burbank
John Mason

The petition was granted, and June 23, 1804, Peabody's Patent became the town of Gilead. The first town meeting was held October 24, 1804. Thomas Peabody, Eliphalet Burbank and Isaac Adams were chosen selectmen. The valuation of the town was assessed at \$6,065. There were twenty-five resident tax payers. The tax collector of Gilead for 1904 must, I am sure, be tempted to wish he was a century earlier, for at that first town meeting it was voted "to let out the collectorship to the lowest bidder at vendue, which was put up and struck off to Ephraim Wight for nine cents on a dollar." At the March meeting in 1805 the town voted \$36 for the support of schools, and for several years that was the amount of the annual appropriation for this purpose.

In 1812 the beginning of war with England gave rise to rumors of a hostile incursion of Canadian Indians, like that of 1781, and a town meeting was called "to see if the town will take some measures to defend itself against her Savage Enemy in case of invasion." It was voted to choose Ephraim Wight as an agent "to go forth and purchase 20 good training muskets, 20 pounds of powder, 80 pounds of lead and 100 flints for the purpose of defending the town against her Savage Foe."

In the summer of 1811 a special town meeting was called to see what action the town would take in regard to building a bridge across Wild River. It was voted at that meeting to build the bridge and pay for it in neat stock and bread corn. The next year, 1812, it was thought unwise to build it "under the existing state of National Affairs." In 1813 the bridge was built. At every town meeting for a good many years after, the bridge came up for discussion. Every spring the river showed its resentment at the efforts made to tame its wildness, and the bridge had to be rebuilt or repaired every summer. At a town meeting held in 1826 for the purpose of arranging for a purchase of necessary materials for the rebuilding of the bridge, the sum of twenty dollars and twenty-five cents was appropriated for thirty-two gallons of New England rum, and the next year it was found that fifteen gallons more would be necessary to complete the bridge. For forty years the Wild River was a constant source of trouble and expense, but it gave the townspeople rather frequent opportunities to consume strong drink at public cost. The growth of temperance sentiment in the town is shown by the fact that in 1858 when the first prohibitory law was submitted to the people, every vote in Gilead was recorded in its favor.

The question of separation from Massachusetts was submitted to the voters of the District of Maine in 1815, in 1816 and in 1819. Gilead voted each time for separation, though there were a half dozen voters who steadily opposed it. Eliphalet Chapman was the town's delegate to the constitutional convention held at Portland in 1819.

The town had no settled minister until 1828. It is recorded in the town clerk's records that "A legal town meeting was held November, third, 1728, for the purpose of trying a vote to see if the town would settle Rev'd Henry White over them as their minister for five years and they united in voting for his settlement without any opposition and chose James Burbank, Eliphalet Adams, and Timothy Wight a committee of arrangements at the installment." The amount of the minister's salary is not given, but in the warrant calling the town meeting it is stated that Mr. White is to be supported "by having one hundred dollars paid each year by the Missionary Society and the remainder by our funds and as before mentioned in our late subscription paper." The settlement was not renewed by the town and the term of Mr. White's ministry ended in 1833. He was the only minister to be settled by the town in its corporate capacity.

In Willey's Incidents in White Mountain History, published in 1858, is an interesting sketch of the early religious life of Gilead. The material for the sketch was evidently furnished by Rev. Daniel Goodhue who served as a supply at different times when there was no settled minister in town.

After naming some of the incorporators of the town, the author writes: "They were all exemplary, good men, giving a character of energy to the place. They regarded religious institutions, and helped sustain them by their property and example. They were a church-going people, always attending the worship of God on the Sabbath. From the earliest time of its settlement it has enjoyed more or less steadily the preaching of the Gospel. Before any Christian church was planted in it, it had a succession of missionaries, sent from different sources, who were instrumental of great religious benefit to the people. Among these were the Rev. Jotham Sewall, or, as he is often called, Father Sewall, and the Rev. Samuel Hidden of Tamworth. In 1813, as a result of the great revival in which one or both the heads of almost every family in town were hopefully converted, a Congregational church was formed consisting of Melvin Farwell and wife, Abraham Burbank and wife, Widow Susannah Burbank, Betsey Philbrook, John Mason, Jr., H. Ingalls, Rhoda Stiles, Mary Peabody, and Ephraim and Seth Wight. This church sometimes through its own efforts and sometimes in connection with Shelburne, has had preaching most of the time since its formation. Its regularly settled pastors have been Rev. Henry White and Rev. Henry Richardson. Besides these Rev. Daniel Goodhue and others have been supplies for different portions of the time. There is a Methodist church, also, which has been instrumental of great religious and moral benefit to the place."

There is much that might be written of the later history of the town. From 1861 to 1865 Gilead showed that the self-sacrificing spirit of the pioneers was still alive, and sent almost a third of her men of voting age to the defence of the Union. In 1872 the suspension bridge across the Androscoggin river was built and the two halves of the town were cemented together. The industrial development of the town, the great changes in the conditions of rural life so notably exemplified here, the growing recognition of the attractions of Gilead as a place of summer residence, all deserve the attention of the historian of these later years. Gilead is to-day prosperous beyond most farming communities. It has an honorable

TRUE'S ELIXIR

The only pure, safe, entirely vegetable remedy for women to children or adults. See your druggist. **W. J. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.**

past. It faces a bright future. May we emulate the virtues of those "exemplary, good men" whose work we are celebrating today, that their legacy of moral and religious energy and strength may be handed on unimpaired to coming generations.

KILLS GERMS OF CATARRH

Hyomei Goes to the Root of the Disease and Makes Astonishing Cures. Catarrh cannot be cured by the use of pills, liquid medicines and so-called system tonics. Under such treatment the germs of the disease will still live in the air passages and increase and multiply.

Hyomei is the only scientific and thorough way to cure catarrh. Killing the germs in the air passages, it enters the blood with the oxygen, destroys the microbes in the blood, and effectually drives from the system all traces of catarrhal poison.

Probably the strongest evidence that can be offered as to the powers of Hyomei to cure catarrh is the fact that G. R. Wiley will agree to refund the money if you say Hyomei has not cured you.

The complete Hyomei outfit costs but \$1.00 and consists of an inhaler that can be carried in the vest pocket, a medicine dropper and a bottle of Hyomei. The inhaler lasts a lifetime, and if one bottle does not cure, an extra bottle of Hyomei can be obtained for 50 cents.

CARE OF FURS.

Prepare Your Fur Garments for Their Annual Vacation by Simple Means.

Of the many who are fortunate enough to possess fur garments in some form or another, but few have any adequate idea of how to care for them. Yet good furs are so expensive, and their fine appearance is so dependent on their proper treatment that it is worth every one's while to know how to maintain them at their best.

Hailing as they do from the cold climates, furs are very susceptible to change of temperature. They make their best appearance on cold, frosty days, and they should not be worn in wet weather. If, however, the wearer should be caught in the rain, she should on no account dry her fur coat, boa, hat or muff before a fire, as this sends the moisture into the pelt, with bad results. The garment should be thoroughly shaken and hung in a fair cool room till dry. Chinchilla is the most delicate of furs and the most susceptible to damp, so it should never be put on if the weather is threatening. Rain also spoils the curl of fine Persian lamb, but this will recover if dried as above directed.

To renovate fur that looks flattened or matted after much wear—notably fox, lay it on a board and beat it lightly for ten or fifteen minutes with a cane in each hand. Furs improve wonderfully under this treatment, a depressed-looking boa or stole emerging quite renovated in appearance.

Furs should not be allowed to get dirty, especially the part that rests against the back of the neck and hair, as the grime in turn leaves a black mark on the neck. If very dirty, the furs should be entrusted to a reliable cleaner, but they can be kept clean by occasional treatment with flour or bran heated in an oven. For ermine, the best cleanser is oxide of zinc. It can be had at any drug store, and if rubbed in with the hand, soon restores the pelt to whiteness. For dark furs, fig dust is a good cleanser, but it is rather difficult to procure in sufficient quantity. After the cleaning process the fur should be well shaken out of doors.

Furs should never be laid with other garments in a drawer. In default of a damp proof closet, they may be deposited in a roomy tin trunk, each article being lightly swathed in tissue paper. Chinchilla loses its color if much exposed to the light, so it should be enveloped in blue or black paper when put away. When the time comes for retiring winter garments into summer quarters, they will immediately benefit by confinement to a cold storage room. Most furriers of repute possess such a chamber. But if it is not practicable to dispose of them in this way, the tin trunk already mentioned will do very well. Moths can be kept away by dropping in a few pieces of carbon, which can be had from any oilman, but the unpleasant odor clings to the garments. A better plan is to consign all furs to the cleaner's before packing; they may then be safely laid by in the manner mentioned.—Vogue.

Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, A Powder

To shake into your shoes. It cures Corns, Bunions, Ingrowings, Nails, Swollen and Sweating Feet. Also It keeps shoes and feet cool, dry, and comfortable. Sample 10¢. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

BLUE STORES

WE WANT MONEY! WE WANT ROOM!

Is the reason for our next THIRTY DAYS

CLEARANCE SALE

WE SHALL SELL MEN'S
\$17, \$16 and \$15 Suits for \$12.00 \$8.00 and \$7.50 Suits for \$6.00
14, 13 and 12 Suits for 10.00 5 00 Suits for 4.00
10 Suits for 7.50 Odd Trousers, we are overstocked on.

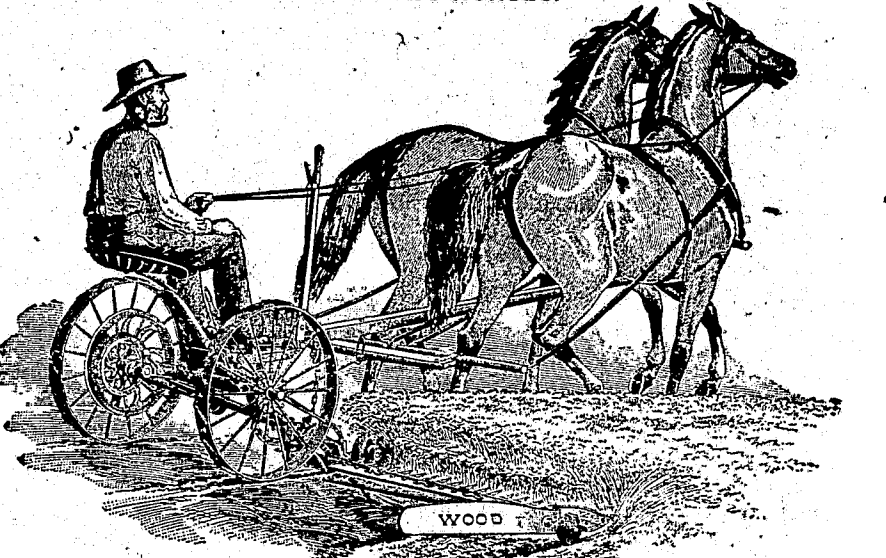
If prices will move these goods, they will certainly leave us.
\$4.75 and \$4.50 Trousers, \$4. \$3.75 \$3.00 Trousers, \$2.25 and \$2.50
\$4.00 Trousers, 3.25 \$1.50 Pants, 1.60 1.19
Youths' and Children's Suits and Odd Pants at a Big Discount from regular prices. WE WANT NO CARRY OVERS. Everybody can be fitted. Don't miss these bargains.

F. H. NOYES COMPANY,
MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS.

NORWAY {2} STORES SOUTH PARIS
TELEPHONE 135-2

WALTER A. WOOD

TUBULAR STEEL MOWER WITH ROLLER BEARINGS.
ONE OR TWO HORSES.



THE WALTER A. WOOD MOWING MACHINE has an unquestionable reputation of being one of the best machines on the market. It has stood the test for many years and is the leader today.

Some of the Leasing Features.
Roller Bearings, Steel Driving Wheels, Floating Frame, Direct Under-draft, Broad Tread, No Weight on Horse's Neck, Adjustable Seat, Flexible Track-clearer, Self-lining Pitman.

ALL SUPPLIES FURNISHED FOR WOOD MOWERS.
SEE THE 1904 MODEL BEFORE PURCHASING.

Woodbury & Purington.

GROW A COLT TO SELL.

Patronize the Champion Road Horse Sire
LOTHAIRE.

Imported French Coach Stallion. Service Fee, only \$25.00 to warrant.
At Stable of JOHN M. CUMMINGS, Norway, Every Wednesday.

Size, Beauty, Style, Action, and Courage Assured.
Elmwood Stud Farm, Lewiston Jct. DR. J. A. NESS, Superintendent.

Sorosis Shoes for Ladies

Are the best shoes made for \$3.50, and better than some that cost more. You can find them here.

Yours truly,
Smiley Shoe Store, Norway, Maine.

E. N. Swett, Mgr. and Salesman. F. W. Faunce, Salesman
Eastern Telephone Store, 112-3. E. N. Swett's Residence, 112-12

Our Mid-Summer Sale

Of Men's fine Suits is now in full swing. Here's an opportunity for you to purchase a new suit at a very low figure. It's economy to take advantage of this chance to save money. All sizes are among these suits at present, so you will be sure to find your size, if you come now. All new suits bought this season. Many different goods are included in the assortment, worsteds, chevots, cassimeres, etc.

\$ 7 50 suits are now	\$ 5 50
10 00 suits are now	7 50
12 00 suits are now	10 00
13 50 suits are now	10 00
15 00 suits are now	12 00
16 00 suits are now	12 00
18 00 suits are now	12 00

H. B. FOSTER,
NORWAY, MAINE.

VOLUME X.—NUMBER 11.

Price Contracting, Value Expanding

Price contraction is better than money expansion. This is self evident. But here is a price contraction plus value expansion, which means money saved for you. Our

Alteration Sale

has been going on a short time but there are still left many great values for little money. A few of them are,

TWO LOTS of those pretty "Bertha" white lawn waists, \$1.49 grade, now \$.98
ONE LOT white mercerized waists, well made, all sizes, \$1.49 grade now \$.98
ONE LOT gingham waists, dark, tucked, 98c. grade now \$.75
ONE LOT white lawn waists lace insertion yoke, \$1.98 grade now \$1.49

WASH SKIRTS

ONE LOT good duck, piped with white, wide flare, \$1.98 grade now \$1.25
ONE LOT voile skirts, plaited seams, black with white, and blue with white, regular price \$1.98 now \$1.49

Walking Skirts

ONE LOT walking skirts of a light mixed material, checked \$5.00 grade now \$2.98
ONE LOT Misses' skirts, dark stripe, 32 to 38 inch length, were \$2.98 now \$1.49
ONE LOT Rain Coats of good waterproofed material, in Oxford mixtures, \$12.50 now \$8.50
ONE LOT dress goods that contain figured brilliantine, cashmere, flannel, canvas weaves, some of the colors are black, blue, brown and grey, 36 to 50 inches wide, 50c. to 75c. grade now \$.25

Children's Dresses

ONE LOT of gingham, good style, small sizes, were \$1.25 now \$.98
ONE LOT of white lawn, prettily trimmed with lace insertion, regular price \$1.98 and \$2.19 now \$1.49
ONE LOT table covers of heavy chenille, good colors, large size, \$2.37 grade now \$1.00
ANOTHER LOT of those white wash belts at \$.10
ONE LOT muslins in plain and lace stripe, light and dark, 12 1-2c. grade now \$.10
ONE LOT voiles, plain colors and figured, 25c. grade now \$.17
ONE LOT waistings pretty stripes, white and very light, 25c. grade now \$.15

Store closed Friday afternoons from July 29 to September 1.

Thomas Smiley
Telephone 112-2.

NORWAY MAINE.

It Is Too Good To Throw Away, Why Not Have It Repaired?

We repair Furniture, make it look like new, and as good as new. Mattresses made over at short notice, and all kinds of upholstery work done by competent workmen. We kindly solicit your business. Write us or call upon us, and we will give you all information required.

OREN HOOPER'S SONS.
IMPORTERS OF CHINA AND GLASS.
HIGH GRADE COOKING AND HEATING APPARATUS
(Established 1864.)

PORTLAND, MAINE.
Please mention this paper when writing. It will entitle you to a special discount on your purchases.